

CHINA HAS TWO PLANS FOR U. S. AID

US \$300m Needed To Back Specie

Moscow Sees MacArthur As "Emperor"

London, Jan. 11. The Soviet Commentator Mr. Viktor Kudryavtsev, writing in Izvestia, official organ of the Government, said yesterday that General Douglas MacArthur had assumed the position of "Emperor" in Japan.

"General MacArthur does not consider himself bound by the Potsdam decisions or any other agreement," the article said.

"As events have shown, the reactionary policy of MacArthur has inevitably borne rotten fruit in economy as well as in policy."

"Only complete demoralization of Japan in collaboration with the democratic movement in the country can lead post-war Japan away from a new catastrophe to a peaceful independent development."—Reuter.

"TAGLEONG THE MASTER"

Manila, Jan. 11. A group of fanatics under the leadership of "Tagleong the Master," who claims to know a secret weapon "more destructive than the atomic bomb" and tells his followers he will make them invulnerable to bullets, is being formed in the uncharted wilderness of Agustin Valley in North-eastern Mindanao, press reports say.

The principal of a government school at the village of Langusan said several of his pupils were converted to the new sect and disappeared in a group armed with rifles, appears and bolts salvaged from remnant of American, Filipino and Japanese army units which sought refuge in the Agusan jungles during the war.

Tagleong claims to be anointed with the power of God in a pattern familiar to several fanatical leaders before him in this country in the past 80 years.

"Relations" But Tagleong, in a modern touch, has a "public relations officer," a self-styled Lieutenant Sergio Mendoza, who has contact with villages on the edge of the wilderness.

The "Jose Rizal Army," named for the Philippines hero, was said by Deputy Governor Huanante of Agusan to have nine barracks in the Upper Cayan River, a tributary of the Agusan, each with a 50-man complement.

This week, Antonio de la Cruz, high priest of the Japanese-sponsored Pulaphance, a

Nanking, Jan. 11. The official "Central Daily News" said today that Mr. Pei Tsu-ye, head of the Chinese technical mission, will present to President Truman and Secretary of State Marshall two plans for American aid in reforming China's national currency drafted by President Chiang Kai-shek.

The paper said Mr. Pei, scheduled to leave for Washington on Wednesday, will hand the U. S. Government two alternative reform plans drafted under the personal direction of the Generalissimo.

The two plans are: (1) A new paper currency based on the gold standard linked to the U. S. dollars at the present rate of 3.3 to one.

(2) A metal currency supplemented by a certain amount of paper notes based on the silver standard.

Both plans need American assistance amounting to US\$300,000,000 or more to be used as specie support.

"The Only One" The Central Daily News said the United States is the only country able to give China financial assistance in solving the currency problem.

It said the Chinese Government is determined to push through a reform since it is the only way fundamentally to stabilize prices and a tumbling economy.

The paper said the Government tentatively plans to discard the present national currency—"as soon as economic conditions are comparatively stabilized, communication trunk lines reopened and the national army has scored another major victory against the Chinese Communists."—United Press.

NEW 'SHAI DRIVE ON BLACKETEERS

Shanghai, Jan. 11. Despite it being Sunday the Shanghai Economic Police today continued their campaign against blackmarket gold and foreign currency dealers and are believed to have made a few more arrests.

In the opinion of Director Li Li-ya of the Finance Control Bureau which is directing the campaign, it is unlikely there will be any blackmarket quotations for gold and the United States dollars in the next fortnight as the result of drastic steps taken by the authorities in the past few days.

Up to the present it is learned that a total of 1,200 ounces in goldbars, US\$15,000, CN\$1,000,000,000 and CN\$25,000 million in cheques have been seized in surprise raids by the police.—Reuter.

similar fanatic organisation whose members claimed invulnerability, was sentenced to life imprisonment at Catbalogan, Samar for killing, robbing and burning on the island in spring last year.

His assistant, Crispin Dacles, also received a life sentence.—Associated Press.

Personalia

Lord Killern, Special Commissioner for Southeast Asia, arrived in Hongkong from Singapore on Saturday. He was accompanied by Lady Killern.

Lord and Lady Killern are scheduled to fly to Nanking tomorrow. They are at present staying at Government House.

Lord Killern is on a three-week visit to China and Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell L. Moore, S. K. Chatterjee and Dr. E. Kellersberger flew to Bangkok yesterday by the P. A. A. Clipper "Lightfoot."

Leaving for a 10-month world tour this afternoon aboard the Pan-American Clipper will be Mr. Fung Hon-chu, Manager of Messrs. Li & Fung Ltd. (Marina House).

Mr. Fung, accompanied by his wife, will visit South America, the West Indies, the United States, Canada, Britain and major European cities.

They will first visit America via Manila and Honolulu.

An old student of King's College, Mr. Fung is a prominent local figure among business circles.

They will return early next year via the Suez Canal.

British Ship Rescues Norwegian Crew

Glasgow, Jan. 11. The British weather ship "Recorder" rescued all the crew—eight officers and 20 ratings—from a sinking Norwegian steamer, the "Venl," 2,982 tons, 30-miles west of the Scottish island of Colonsay, Argyllshire, early today.

The Norwegian ship in a radio message shortly after midnight last night reported it was sinking west of Colonsay and that the weather ship was racing to its aid.

The Venl was bound from Leith, Scotland, to North Africa.

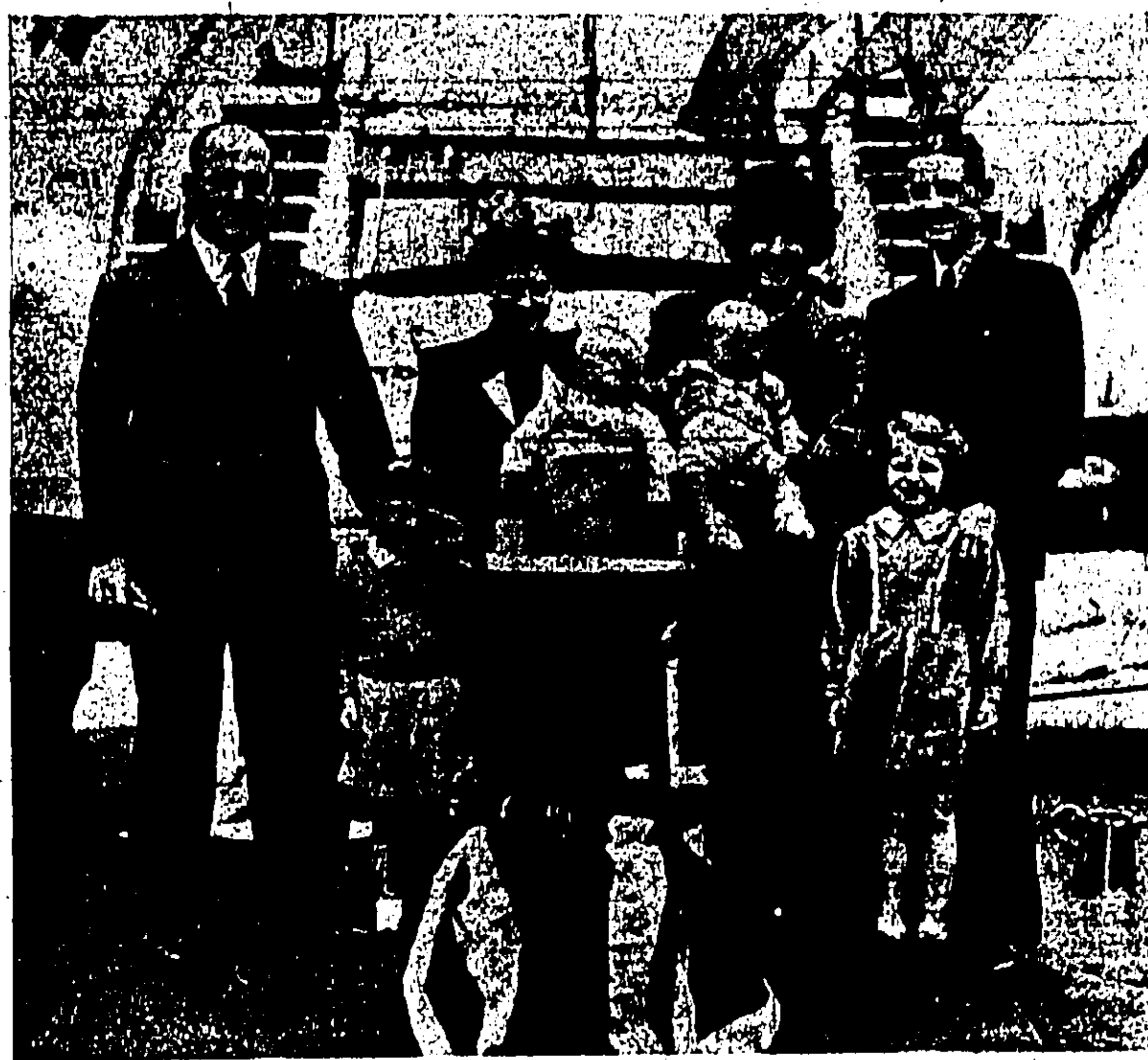
The Recorder is now returning with Norwegian crew to its base in Clydebank, to the port of Greenock where she is expected later today.

This was the first rescue by one of Britain's four weather ships.—Reuter.

'KINA' BOATSWAIN OUT OF DANGER

Hans Lauritz Hansen, 50-year-old boatswain of the ill-fated Kina, who was picked up on Capul Island, is out of danger, though suffering injuries, according to word received by the local office of the East Asiatic Company, owners of the vessel.

Joint Christening



A salvaged Japanese cruiser's bell served as a font at the christening of Peter Malcolm Curtis and Brian Leslie Dopsos aboard H.M.S. "Barbain" (Cdr. A. McG. McCulloch) yesterday in the R.N. Dockyard.

Rev. Clifford Davies, R.N. officiated at what was described as the first christening of its kind aboard a salvage vessel.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. L. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. L. Dopsos, Mrs. Clifford Davies, who arrived here recently with her two children to join her husband, who is Senior Chaplain of R.N. Base Church (H.M.S. Tamar), Cdr. and Mrs. T. Allen, Lt. Cdr. A. Smith, Miss Elma Kelly, Mrs. Benwell, Capt. and Mrs. R. Ballantine, Mr. and Mrs. J. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ginter.

The brass-silver bell was salvaged from a bombed Japanese cruiser in Singapore Harbour in 1947. It will be presented to H.M.S. Tamar Royal Naval Base Church within a fortnight, pending the completion of a permanent stand.—China Mail Photo.

ODD SPOTS IN THE NEWS

MAJOR MYSTERY

Calcutta, Jan. 11. A mysterious cache of military equipment, reported to be United States army supplies, was discovered at a north Calcutta settlement godown yesterday and today is being guarded by more than a score of armed police.

Detectives seized the supplies, which were said to be a "huge" quantity from a private Hindu trader.

One-fourth of the material has been unpacked. This included 60 radio transmitters and 30 receivers. It was not known whether arms or ammunition were involved.

A label (This material must be kept under guard at all times) attracted the attention of the Calcutta police who said they suspected the deal had been made to transfer the equipment "outside the border of the Indian Dominion."

When unpacked an official U.S. army, navy and air force literature, warning recipients of the supplies not to discuss what was contained therein, was found in the crates.—United Press.

RADAR RESTRICTED

Washington, Jan. 11. The State Department last night tightened up on exports of war surplus radar equipment, following a protest by a Republican representative, Mr. Ross Ritzey, that some of the supplies were going to Russia.

Radar was a "top secret" in the early days of the second world war.

The National Munitions Control Board announced that radar equipment from now on will be classed as munitions and cannot be exported without a license.

Surplus radar of the types deployed by the army to be non-secret has hitherto been sold without restriction by the War Assets Administration, and could be exported without control.

Last night's decision is reported to mean that radar "for use in war" will not in future be shipped to Russia or to Russian satellite countries.—Reuter.

CHIANG MAKES SURPRISE VISIT TO MUKDEN

Warships Enter Tientsin Battle

Peking, Jan. 11. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek arrived in Mukden today and presided over a special military conference attended by Generals Fu Tso-yi, Chen Cheng, Tu Yu-ming and Hsiung Shih-hui.

General Fu flew to Mukden from Peking while General Tu and General Hsiung accompanied the Generalissimo from Nanking.

Meanwhile, Tientsin reports that Chinese Navy ships opened fire on Communist forces which threatened the Tientsin sea outlet as Nationalist troops at Taku launched a concerted counter-attack today.

Nationalist sources said the Reds who captured Hsinchoan are surrounded and face annihilation.

Military sources believed the danger to Tientsin has passed.

Reports from Mukden said Chiang Kai-shek conferred on new strategy to be adopted against the Reds, as pro-Government newspapers in Nanking and elsewhere played up under bold headlines what they called a "crushing Government victory."

ROUT? These dispatches, quoting a Government communique issued in Mukden, said in a three-day pitched battle, fought in the Hsinglung area, west of Mukden, Government forces routed five Communist armies, killing and wounding over 40,000 Red soldiers and taking prisoners an additional 1,000.

Government casualties sustained during the battle were briefly stated in the communique as "also heavy."

The communique ascribed the reported Nationalist victory to successful employment of favoured encirclement tactics and to closely co-ordinated activities of Government land and air forces during the fighting and called this battle "Government's biggest annihilation campaign ever fought against the Communists."

This news, Chinese dispatches said, reached Chiang Kai-shek's Manchurian Headquarters shortly before his arrival at Mukden.

Chiang was expected to fly back to Nanking in a day or two, informed sources said.

Other Chinese reports from Tientsin said the Government fleet stationed in Tientsin steamed into Pohai off Taku and Hsinchoan.

Government reinforcements landed in that port, heightening the people's morale in the face of what has been feared an imminent Red attack on China's second biggest city.—United Press and Associated Press.

FAR EAST OIL TO INCREASE SHARE CAPITALISATION

Manila, Jan. 11. Stockholders of the Far East Oil Development Company agreed to increase its capitalisation from 30,000,000 to 40,000,000 shares with par value of ten centavos.

The 10 million additional will be offered to stockholders for subscription at 15 centavos.

The new money will be used to extend drilling operations in Bondee Peninsula in South-eastern Luzon and conduct a geographical survey of Northern Cebu where the company tried unsuccessfully to find oil last year.—Associated Press.

Italy Fears Red Guerilla Rising

Rome, Jan. 11. Italians were troubled today with fears that the Communists ultimately might stage an insurrection in Italy similar to the guerrilla uprising in Greece.

Tension was heightened by an Italian Communist conference held in Milan this week. That meeting was attended by representatives of most of the countries participating in the Communist International Information Bureau—the Cominform.

Many anti-Communist Italian newspapers charged that the conference actually served as a shield for a Cominform meeting the implication being that the Communist leaders discussed the role the Party and its army would play in the "cold war" against the West.

There was no agreement among non-Communist however, on what the future Communist strategy would be. Some Italian observers thought the meeting in Milan did not involve an insurrection but planned to try to win by legal means next April's election by the new Italian Republic, the Parliament.

But the Italian Communist Party leaders said they would not accept the new Italian Republic unless it was based on a socialist system.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Customs Rights

Sir,—About a week ago you printed two letters which asserted that Chinese Customs Officials operating at Kowloon Railway Station, have been searching outgoing passengers, and confiscating alleged illegal imports into China. In one letter it was stated that on October 28 a Chinese who was searched by Chinese Maritime Customs officers at Kowloon station was relieved of eighty-five taels of gold bars!

In today's paper you print a Reuter cable from Nanking stating that an agreement designed to curb smuggling is to be signed on January 12, which, among other things, provides for "the stationing of Chinese Customs personnel in Hongkong and Kowloon, operating with British assistance."

I suggest that it is a matter of vital importance from the point of view of British prestige and British law, clearly to define what rights are to be enjoyed by such Customs personnel. Are they to be permitted, on suspicion that goods are to be smuggled, to confiscate them on British soil, 21 miles distant from the Chinese frontier, without any form of legal process or any possibility of redress on the part of the victim?

In no other part of the British Empire would arbitrary action of this kind by officials of an alien Power be tolerated. In Hongkong itself, confiscations of banned imports and exports have to be legalized by Court procedure, so far as British Preventive Officers are concerned.

Smuggling into China cannot be said to have taken place until the overt act has been committed—i.e., the unmanifested or prohibited goods have actually crossed the border. There is nothing illegal in moving these goods about within territory under British jurisdiction.

Moreover who can claim the ownership of goods thus confiscated? I venture to suggest that unless the powers and functions of Chinese Maritime Customs officials are clearly defined, and subordinated to British law, a test case should be taken up. Let the next victim of confiscation at Kowloon Railway station take proceedings against the Customs Official for assault and larceny. Unless British justice has ceased to operate in this Colony I fancy that the Magistrate's decision would leave no doubt as to the illegality of confiscations on British soil.

NEW ROOSEVELT

Washington, Jan. 11. An eight-pound 14-ounce baby girl has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Roosevelt.

The baby, grand-daughter of the late President, will be named Anna Eleanor after her paternal grandmother.

The Roosevelts have two other children.—United Press.

THE WHISKERS CLUB

The Whiskers Club, which has been formed by a group of men who have shaved their faces, is now open for business.

The club is open to all men who have shaved their faces, and is now open for business.

The club is open to all men who have shaved their faces, and is now open for business.

The club is open to all men who have shaved their faces, and is now open for business.

OUR PRE STOCK-TAKING SALE

COMMENCES TO-DAY

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN THE FOLL OWING DEPTS.

- MEN'S WEAR • SILVER WARE
- GLASSWARE • PERFUMERY
- WINE & SPIRITS • GROCERY

LIMITED STOCKS ONLY

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

EXCHANGE BUILDING

TEL: 29101

(A283)

Price Ceilings On Magazines To Be Lifted

Price ceilings on imported publications (newspapers, magazines, books, and periodicals) will be lifted shortly, the "China Mail" learned yesterday.

Government's decision to de-control prices on imported literature, is believed to be the result of complaints from dealers who have to obtain foreign exchange from the black market to pay literature exporters abroad.

Main complaint of local dealers is that purchasing foreign exchange in the black market at black market rates lowers the normal margin of profit.

Obituary

Sub-Insp. Tate

The late Sub-Inspector Harry Tate, who suffered collapse at the Marine Court on Saturday morning, did not regain consciousness and died at 1.35 p.m. yesterday at the Queen Mary Hospital.

The late Inspector joined the King's Own Scottish Borderers in 1921. Leaving the army, he joined the Royal Naval Yard police and remained there until 1934 when he joined the Hong Kong Police.

He was attached to the Water Police.

Interned during the Japanese occupation, on his release he spent his holiday recuperating in England.

He leaves a widow.

The funeral will take place at the Protestant cemetery this afternoon.

At its next meeting on Tuesday, the Rotary Club of Hong Kong will hear the Club President, Dr. F. I. Tseung speak on "An Outline of the History of Chinese Medicine."

The meeting will take place in the Roof Garden of the Hongkong Hotel at 12.30 p.m.

Reminders Today H.K. Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd., general meeting 12 noon.

Softball Association, umpires meeting, Shee Shell House, 6.15 p.m.

H.K. Football Association League Management Committee and Interport Subcommittee meetings, 6.15 p.m.

Whist Drive, European YMCA, West Lounge, 8 p.m.

Coming Events TOMORROW Rotary Club meeting, Roof Garden H.K. Hotel, 12.30 p.m.

THURSDAY H.K. Women's International Club "At Home" to Lady Grantham, Gloucester Bldg., 4.30-5 p.m.

FRIDAY H.K. Engineering Society meeting, talk on "Air Conditioning" by Mr. S. E. Faber, Jacobson Room, H.K. Hotel, 6 p.m.

DO YOU KNOW NEWS WHEN YOU SEE IT?

32572 ON 22572 PAYMENT FOR ALL TIMES

CHINESE REDS MAY GAIN OPEN SOVIET AID

Shanghai, Jan. 11. Neutral diplomatic quarters today expressed private belief that Chinese Communist leader Mao Tze-tung's recent speech might be intended to open a way for future open Russian military aid to the Chinese Communists.

These quarters said that the speech contained an implied threat which might cause the Kuomintang to pay more attention to the Russian viewpoint in effecting the Japanese peace settlement.

Mao, who in effect asked the formation of a Cominform in Asia to help defeat the "aggression of imperialist powers of the world," by outspoken

charges against the United States for giving Chiang Kai-shek's Government military and financial backing made it possible for Russia at a later date to use this as an excuse to openly aid the Chinese Communists, the diplomats said.

Russia's purpose in making the implied threat through Mao at this time could have the effect of bringing pressure to bear in Nationalist China to side more with Russia in the final Japanese settlement. These quarters pointed out that China is in a tough spot to decide where she will throw her weight in the eventual peace parleys.

Alignment

Though China fundamentally is aligned with the United States in general matters, she finds herself siding closer to Russia in the desire for Japanese peace terms, since China wants assurance that Japan will never again be a great world power. Like Russia, China also seeks sizeable reparations. Both coincide in demanding Big Four veto rights.

The United States, on the other hand, consistently has pluggied rehabilitating Japan to a self-sustaining place in world economy and at the same time is asking smaller reparations than either Russia or China. The United States is also firm in saying that there must be no veto rights.

The implications of Mao Tze-tung's speech, a diplomat said, will make it just that much harder for China to make up her mind which way she will turn in the event of a possible American-Russian deadlock.

Diplomatic

The diplomatic quarters said that because of this it is expected that China will delay until the last possible moment in answering the recent Soviet note concerning the peace settlement. They said that it was believed that China, in the long run, will have to take a stand against Russia on this matter while American financial aid will go a long way to giving China the assurance that China needs in making up her mind. —United Press.

RADIO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles from 12.30 to 2.00 p.m., and from 6.00 to 11.00 p.m., and also on 9.52 megacycles in the 31 metre band from 12.30 to 1.30, 6.30 to 7.30 and 9.00 to 11.00 p.m.

1.00 p.m.—STUDIO: Terry Lou at the Piano.

1.15 p.m.—News, Weather Report and Announcements.

1.25 p.m.—Orchestral Interlude.

1.30 p.m.—B.B.C. Transcription Service: The London Radio Orchestra.

2.00 p.m.—Close Down.

4.00 p.m.—STUDIO: Hospital Request: Half Hour Presented by Ethel Holmes Brown.

6.30 p.m.—Steve Conway (Vocal) with Jack Hylfield and His Orchestra.

6.45 p.m.—STUDIO: Arthur Gee Talks on Film.

7.00 p.m.—London Relay: World and Home News.

7.15 p.m.—STUDIO: "I Like What I Like" Presented by Sue Meyrick.

7.45 p.m.—STUDIO: Fashion Talks by Jane Richards.

7.50 p.m.—B.B.C. Transcription Service: Displaced Persons in Germany.

8.45 p.m.—Alfredo Campbell and His Orchestra.

9.00 p.m.—London Relay: News.

9.10 p.m.—Weather Report.

9.11 p.m.—Dance to Dilly Thorburn's "The Organ, Dance Band and Me."

9.30 p.m.—Piano Duet by Haeles and Landauer.

9.45 p.m.—London Relay: "What is Art For?" A Talk by Eric Newton and Ernest Freeman.

10.00 p.m.—London Relay: Radio News Revue.

10.15 p.m.—Something for Everybody—Music for all Tastes.

11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

It Was Art—For The Sake Of Chelsea



Here are June Hannutt, Noreen Marler and Alvia Peck, putting last minute touches to their tableaux in preparation for the Chelsea students New Year's eve art ball at the Royal Albert Hall, London.

Throughout the day rehearsals were carried on, attended by synthetic giants with enormous pastebord heads and stilted legs, all adding to the baroque theme of the year's ball.—A Photo.

MARSHALL PLANS TRADE IN PRIVATE CHANNELS

Washington, Jan. 11.

Mr. Lewis Douglas, United States Ambassador to Britain, declared here today that "to the greatest possible extent, trade between the United States and Europe under the Marshall Plan will be carried on through private, non-governmental channels."

Mr. Douglas, giving evidence before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, was replying to Senator Walter F. George (Democrat of Georgia), who asked whether the Plan did not entail the creation of a gigantic State trading machine.

Mr. Douglas added that while it was generally intended to restrict loans to the financing of capital equipment, "there are several countries which already have the capacity to repay, regardless of the commodity or the item to be received."

He did not name the countries. He stated that, generally speaking, between 60 and 80 per cent of the funds would be in the form of grants, and the rest in repayable loans.

No Orders Yet

The Ambassador said that it had been proposed that an "economic cooperation officer" with the rank of Minister in each major country, and with the rank of Counsellor in the lesser countries, would be appointed to each of the Embassies within the 16-nations group.

Mr. Douglas said that the State Department had planned a staff of 900 to carry out the Marshall Plan, 400 overseas and 500 at home.

In reply to Senator Alexander Wiley (Republican of Wisconsin), who said that Americans were coming to him with orders from Europeans for machinery imports under the recovery programme, Mr. Douglas said that he knew of no orders already being placed by European firms.

Using his own Embassy in London as an example, Mr. Douglas said that an officer there would have charge of all economic matters, reporting on every phase of Britain's economic life, as well as concerning himself with the details of the recovery programme.

Mr. Douglas asserted that resistance to Communism "west of the Iron curtain" had increased in anticipation of the Marshall aid, and of stop gap aid.

The Committee then adjourned to resume its hearings on Monday. —Reuter.

P.I. GOLD OUTPUT RISING

Manila, Jan. 11.

The Atok Mining Company reported that gold production in the first nine months of postwar operations, ending December 31, totalled US\$1,682,359 from 91,598 tons of ore milled.

The company, which is the first in the islands to resume operations, actually received considerably more dollars than this figure, which is based on the standard US\$35 per ounce treasury buying price, since the majority of its production is sold on the open market, first in London, then Manila, at prices ranging from US\$38 to US\$46 per ounce.—Associated Press.

Dutch Pooh-Pooh Trouble Rumours

Batavia, Jan. 11.

Reports of a possible resumption of "police action" by the Dutch in Indonesia were denied by authoritative Dutch quarters today.

These circles said that the reports were utterly unfounded even if an unsatisfactory reply should be received from the Indonesian Republicans, who are to consider tomorrow at their capital, Jogjakarta, the latest Dutch amendments to the proposals for a cease fire in the Indies.

Sources here said that the Netherlands and the Interim Federal Governments would have to decide whether to resume "police action" to capture the Republican capital, or alternatively to increase military activity in those parts of Java and Sumatra, occupied by the last "police action" and thus to use violence against violence from the Indonesians.

These quarters said that it seemed improbable, however, that a resumption of the "police action" would be decided on.

GERMAN PREMIER APPEALS FOR IMMEDIATE HELP

Duesseldorf, Jan. 11.

Under the shadow of a threatened general strike in the Ruhr, the Premier of North Rhine-Westphalia, in which the great coal area is situated, today appealed to the other German states of Blzonia to "send all available stocks of fats, meat, and potatoes to the famished population" to avert an immediate economic collapse.

The Premier, M. Karl Arnold, telegraphed his appeal to the Premiers of all the other provinces, and pointed out that a collapse in the Ruhr, where no fat or potato rations have been met for several weeks and where there have already been sporadic food strikes, would have a serious effect on the economy of all the other provinces.

The Communists, relatively strong in the Ruhr unions, have been urging a general strike by all workers, including coal miners.

The Premier's appeal, if it has any results, may strengthen the hand of the moderate elements when the Ruhr shop

stewards meet next Wednesday to consider a general strike action in view of the deteriorating food situation.

Strike Urged

The miners are relatively well fed but there have already been partial strikes in several pits in sympathy with factory workers against this week's food rations, which have consisted solely of small quantities of bread and macaroni.

Many non-Communist union leaders are urging a miners stoppage, saying that only a coal strike will bring the seriousness of the situation home to the British and American authorities.

Meanwhile, figures announced today show that faltering coal production in the last few years has reduced pithead stocks from 2,000,000 tons to 1,600,000 tons and would have cut them further had not Rhine floods held up coal transport.

Coal production is now ten percent below 284,000 tons, the peak daily output for November, and Allied coal experts are agreed that it is practically impossible for miners to reach 300,000 tons daily, the target set for January.

The 48-hour general strike was still in progress in Solingen today. Fifteen-thousand strikers began the stoppage yesterday when they demonstrated in front of the Town Hall demanding more food.

Employees of a number of Munich banking firms, insurance agencies, and other firms, who stopped work yesterday in protest against the non-distribution of additional ration cards as promised, returned to work today.—Reuter.

"We Tried Our Best": Kaiser

Hamburg, Jan. 11.

Mr. Jacob Kaiser, chairman of the Christian Democratic Union in the Soviet zone, declared in Berlin today, "We practised co-operation to the very limits of possibility and often had to turn a blind eye to the irregularities taking place in the Soviet zone."

He was making his first public appearance since he and Mr. Ernst Lemmer found Soviet disfavour as chiefs of the Christian Democratic Union in the Soviet zone.

He said that if he and Lemmer had gone one step further "it would have meant abandoning the fundamental principles of the party."

"Ever since last summer the intention of the Socialist Unity Party to make the Soviet zone into a Communist exercise ground has become more and more evident," he said.

He declared that he was in favour of co-operative understanding with the Soviet Union and the Socialist Unity Party but expressed himself in full opposition to the "political bloc" policy now being enforced in the Soviet zone.

Tears of Shame

"The people of the Soviet zone are not those few who have shown themselves weak and submissive to the policy of power but millions of those who are unknown and nameless, suppressed but upright, who have found many ways of letting me know that they will remain faithful to the idea of political freedom," he added.

He said the German Peoples' Congress only widened the existing gap between Eastern and Western Germany.

"Everything indicates that the Peoples Congress will shortly encroach on the rights of the provincial parliaments and will attempt to force the men of other parties to co-operate unconditionally with the Socialist Unity Party," he declared.

"It is well-known that many delegates to the Peoples Congress attended it under duress. I have seen men of my own party in tears of shame over having been forced to join the Congress."—Reuter.

Best Seller!
CIGARETTE CASES BY
Elgin American



All
Up-to-date
Models

also AMERICAN

"Bedford" SHIRTS

FIRST POSTWAR SHIPMENT

ONLY \$25 EACH

AT KIN HUA CO.

KAYAMALLY BLDG., QUEEN'S ROAD, C.

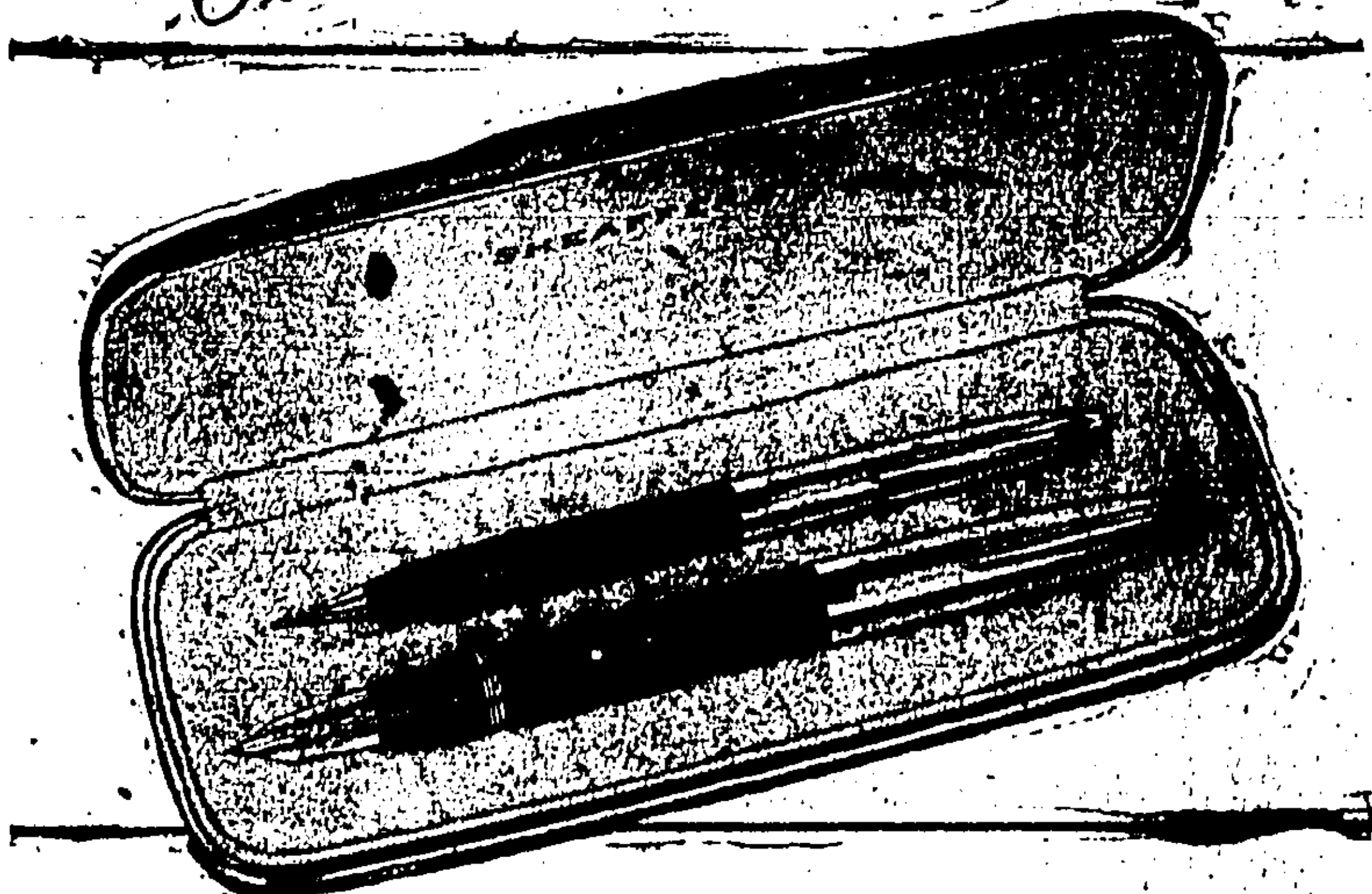
CHEONG MING MATCH CO.



H.K. Distributors:-

FOOK LEE HONG
115, DES VOEUX ROAD, WEST, 1st FLOOR.
TEL. 33076 29559

As Personal as his fingerprints



"TRIUMPH"

As individual as his personality—as distinctively his as his voice—that's his writing, as flowed onto paper by Sheaffer's "TRIUMPH" equipped with the large, cylindrical 14-K gold point of his choice. There is a "TRIUMPH" point—stronger, larger, for every writing style. And all of them, because of better basic design, write with all silent ease and smoothness unapproached by any others. Your own individual writing test will prove this—and it's a test you should make. If your selection of a fine writing instrument—to give or to own—is to be absolutely right!

OBTAINABLE AT ALL LEADING STORES

UNIVERSAL SALES (CHINA) INC.

French Bank Building.

Telephone 34194.

AGENTS FOR:-

L. D. SEYMOUR & CO., INC.

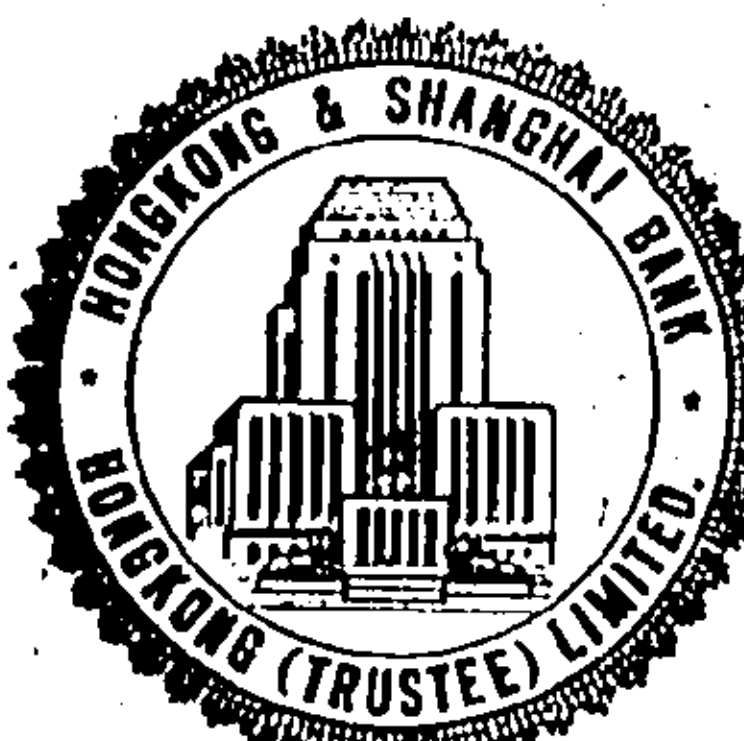
MORNING MISERY?



When your distress is caused by too much gastric acidity, take advantage of Alka-Seltzer's two-way action. It contains elements which help to ease that "morning misery" almost at once. It also contains alkalinizing agents to help neutralize excess acid in the stomach.

Pain-relieving... Alkalinizing
Alka-Seltzer goes to work at once. It is both a pain reliever and an anti-acid. Pleasant to take. Not a laxative. Sparkling, refreshing Alka-Seltzer comes in two sizes.

*By taking Alka-Seltzer "the night before" you can very often avoid the distress of "the morning after". Try it.

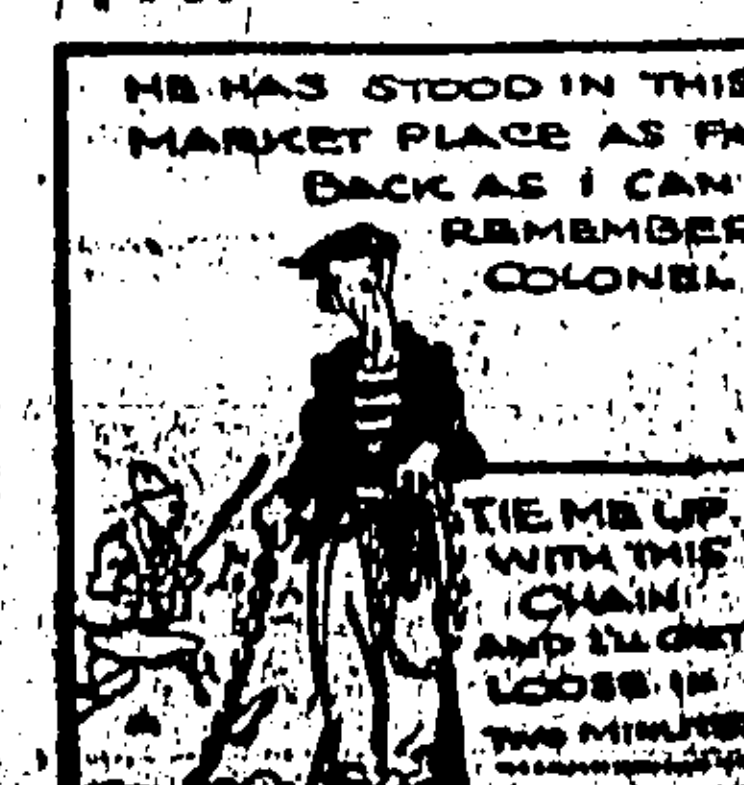


will act as.
* TRUSTEE *
of
MARRIAGE AND OTHER
SETTLEMENTS

The advantages derived therefrom merit investigation by all who would safeguard the future for themselves and their dependants.

* This is just *
one of many services offered with the assurance of
CONTINUITY
EFFICIENCY
EXPERIENCE
and
PERSONAL ATTENTION
by the
HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANK
HONGKONG (TRUSTEE) LTD.
the Trustee Company of the
Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation
Hongkong.

POP



This freedom!



No!



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

20 WORDS \$2 FOR ONE
INSERTION PREPAID. \$1
FOR EACH ADDITIONAL
INSERTION. ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CTS PER WORD
PER INSERTION.

\$2

Replies are awaiting at our
offices for Box Nos: 308, 310,
312, 345, 346, 347, 348.

POSITION VACANT

SALESMEN on Salary and Commission required for stock and indent sales of Metals, dyes, chemicals, optical goods, watches, radios and batteries. Excellent British and American sole agencies. Sales experience and good knowledge of English essential. Interview Mr. Nelson, J. Azadian Flis, 16, First Floor, 18 Ice House Street, 21005.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Chinese Marine Engineers holding Chao Tung-pu First Engineer Certificate for Chinese Maritime Customs steamship. Conditions of employment may be obtained from office of Chinese Maritime Customs, Marina House, Queen's Road, Hongkong.

APPLICATIONS are invited from certified deck and diesel engineer officers (of foreign or Chinese nationality), ex-Naval Officers with five years or more sea experience and holding a full watchkeeping certificate for employment in the Marine Department of the Chinese Maritime Customs. Particulars of contract may be obtained from the Office of the Chinese Maritime Customs, Marina House, Queen's Road, Central.

NAVAL servicemen seeks suitable employment after demobilization in first half of January. Any reasonable offer considered. Box 343 "China Mail."

WANTED KNOWN

"EVERYBODY'S" CANTONESE obtainable at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., Chater Road, Hongkong.

BOND STREET W.I.—Clothes and accessories of distinction. Suite 302, Hong Kong Hotel.

DUPICATING SERVICE. All classes of Duplicating work done accurately and quickly. Moderate Charges. **NIAGARA Duplicating Service**, 3rd floor, York Bldg., Chater Road, Tel. 26774.

NEW Winter Suits—Style and workmanship guaranteed to your satisfaction. Selected range of English materials. Telephone 21366 for tailor to call—King's (Ah Yan) Tailor, 4, D'Aguiar Street, 1st Floor.

FOR YOUR BREAKFAST. Tiffin, Afternoon Tea & Dinner. You are welcome. Prompt Service. Airy and Quiet. Try Cafe de Luxe, China Emporium Mezzanine Floor Tel. 20428.

FOR SALE

HUMBER PULLMAN SALOON in good running order and sound condition throughout. For full particulars and trial ring 31980 between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m. daily.

ATTENTION Importers, Exporters! Stocks: 5 tons Antineol One ton Sodium Hydrosulphite 200 Sets 32 x 6 rethread Tyres 8 tons Tensac-oil. Apply Room 304 Bank of China Building Telephone: 28200

UNDERWOOD LATEST MODEL—just arrived. Lowest price. Also Typewriters for rent. Service guaranteed. Tel. 27582. Universal Typewriter Co., 22 Des Voeux Road, C, 1st. floor.

SALE OF FURNITURE ETC.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of Furniture, Best Birkle Hut, Photographic Equipment and Miscellaneous Stores now lying at H.M.S. "Flycatcher", Kai Tak Aerodrome, Kowloon.

Tender Forms can be obtained on application to Section 2C of Naval Store Dept., H.M. Dockyard, Hong Kong, between 9.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. and 2.00 to 4.00 p.m. from Monday to Thursday, 12th to 16th January, 1948. The stores can be viewed on application to the Supply Officer, H.M.S. "Flycatcher" on the days specified. Admission to view will only be granted on production of the Tender Form.

Completed Tender Form should be returned by hand in a sealed cover marked "TENDER FOR FURNITURE ETC. (FLY-CATCHER)" addressed to the Supdyg. Naval Store Officer, H.M. Dockyard, Hong Kong, on or before noon on Friday, 16th January, 1948.

E. F. S. FISHER.

Supdyg. Naval Store Officer.

HONG KONG CABLE & WIRELESS LTD.

JOINTLY ANNOUNCE THE OPENING OF
THE RADIO-TELEPHONE SERVICE

BETWEEN
HONG KONG AND CANTON

AS FROM

SATURDAY, 10th JANUARY, 1948.

DAILY BETWEEN 9.00 A.M. AND 12.00 P.M.

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS WISHING TO REGISTER FOR THIS SERVICE SHOULD COMMUNICATE WITH THE OFFICES OF THE HONGKONG TELEPHONE CO., LTD. DEPOSIT OF HK\$50 WILL BE REQUIRED FROM ALL SUBSCRIBERS WHO REGISTER. NO CALLS WILL BE ACCEPTED FROM SUBSCRIBERS UNTIL THEY HAVE REGISTERED. CALL OFFICES FOR THE USE OF THE NON-REGISTERED GENERAL PUBLIC ARE SITUATED AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES:

HONG KONG TELEPHONE CO., LTD.

4th Floor Exchange Building.

CABLE & WIRELESS LTD.

Ground Floor, Union Building, Hong Kong.

Ground Floor, Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon.

PUBLIC AUCTION

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTOR OF DISPOSALS FAR EASTERN AREA (M. O. S.) Messrs. Lammet Brothers of Pedder Building, Hong Kong, have received instructions to sell by Auction at their Sales Rooms, Pedder Building, Basement, at 10.00 a.m. on Thursday, the 15th January 1948:—

A LARGE ASSORTMENT SURPLUS STORES, DINGHIES, TUGS, TRAILERS AND ENGINES

Located at Royal Army Ordnance Depot, Shamshulpo

Aluminium, Brass, Cast Iron, Mixed Metal, Blankets, Canvas, Leather, Oil Skin, Cotton Rags, Woollen Rags, Webbing, Batteries, Rubber Tyres, Cable, Rubber (all old) Iron, Tinned, Galvanized and Wrought and Steel Scrap

Located at Royal Army Service Corps Water Transport Pool, Shamshulpo

3 Dinghies — 14'

Located at Government Slipway, Yau Ma Tei

2 "D" Type Tugs, Nos. 1 and 4, each 46' x 10' x 4' 6" with Chrysler Royal Marine 8 Cylinder 125 H. P. Engine and reduction gear, Anchor and Navigation Lights (No. 1 Tug fitted with Search Light)

Located at Royal Engineers' Stores Base Depot, Shamshulpo

Stella Filters, Filtrators, Trailers and Engines with Pumps

Permits to view, Catalogues and Special Condition of Sale etc. may be obtained from Messrs. Lammet Brothers.

Inspection of Stores, Dinghies, Tugs, Trailers and Engines at the above Locations can be made between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 12.00 noon and between 2.00 p.m. and 4.00 p.m. on 12th and 13th January 1948.

Terms: 50% of Purchase Money on Fall of Hammer and Balance by following day.

WALTER M. WEINBERGER,
CHAIRMAN,

BRITISH STORES DISPOSAL BOARD,
(HONG KONG)

S/T "TAKOO HANG"

Built 1924 by the Talkoo Dockyard & Engineering Co. of Hong Kong Ltd.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of Steam Launch "Talkoo Hang" — Official Reg. No. 163863, as she now lies in Talkoo Dock.

The Main Boiler and Main Engines of craft are dismantled from the Hull and may be sold separately as follows:—

(a) Hull (Steel) with Shafting & Propeller.

(b) Main Boiler & Mountings.

(c) Main Engines & Pumps (Air, Circulating & Buge Pumps).

Particulars of Hull & Machinery are as follows:

HULL — Length 60' 0"
— Breadth 13' 0"
— Depth (Moulded) 7' 3"
— Draft 4' 6" (with Boiler, Machinery & full Runkers).

— Gross Tonnage: 32 tons.
— Net Reg. Tonnage 0 tons.

MAIN BOILER: Working Pressure 140 lbs. per sq. inch.

MAIN ENGINE: Compound Surface Condensing Marine Engine — 150 I.H.P.

Main Boiler & Mountings and Main Machinery were recently completely reconditioned by the Talkoo Dockyard & Engineering Co. Ltd. and surveyed.

Applications for permits to inspect the vessel should be made to this office.

Tenders will be received up to noon on Wed. 21st Jan., 1948.

We, as Agents for S/T "Talkoo Hang", do not bind ourselves to accept the highest or any tender.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents, China Navigation Co. Ltd.

THE HONG KONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice To Shareholders

NOTICE is hereby given that the ONE HUNDRED and TWENTY THIRD ORDINARY MEETING of Shareholders in the Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, Queen's Building, Victoria, Hong Kong, on Monday, 12th January, 1948, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts in respect of 1946 and Re-electing Directors and Auditors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
H. DA LUZ,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 24th Dec., 1947.

LONDON UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

1. The London Matriculation Examination will be held in Hong Kong on June 1st, 1948. Entry forms for Private Students may be obtained from the Education Office, 3rd Floor, Windsor House, and should be returned on or before February 7th, 1948. Students attending Schools in the Colony should forward their entries through the Heads of their Schools.

2. Students wishing to enter for London University External Degree Examinations are reminded that it is necessary to register as an External Student of the University a considerable time before the actual date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the Education Office.

G. F. REES,
P. Director of Education
7th January, 1948.

ENGINEERING SOCIETY OF HONG KONG

A paper entitled

"AIR CONDITIONING"

by

Mr. S. E. Faber, A.F.C., B.S., etc.

will be read on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16TH, at 6 p.m. in the Jacobean Room of the Hongkong Hotel.

Tea served from 5.15 p.m.

W. A. ANKERSON,
Hon. Secretary.

S.S. PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

COCKTAIL PARTY

Due to circumstances beyond our control the Cocktail Party on board the ss PRESIDENT CLEVELAND will be held from 3.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. Sunday, January 18, instead of hours shown on invitation.

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES, LTD.
St. George's Building.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

SPECIAL CASH SWEEP ON THE HONG KONG DERBY 1948.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

The Sale of Cash Sweep Tickets on the above will CLOSE

at the Branch Office, Kowloon, at 4 p.m. on Friday, 16th January.

at the Treasurers' Office, Exchange Building, at 1.00 p.m. on Saturday, 17th January.

at the Race Course, at 5.30 p.m. on Saturday, 17th January.

The DRAW will be held at the Public Rari-Mutuel Hall, the Race Course, at 9.30 a.m. on Monday, 18th January.

By Order

S. A. SLEAP
Actg. Secretary

ENOUGH OF SOVIET RULE "Go West" Psychosis In Russian Zone Getting On Right Side Of Curtain

Berlin, Jan. 11.
A "Go West" psychosis has developed in the Eastern Zone of Germany among German industrialists who wish to be on the right side of the Iron Curtain when it is bolted down. At the same time, owing to currency manipulation, there is a movement of invisible reparations to the East.

The "Go West" tendency is shown by the attempts of German industrialists to shift and smuggle workable plant across the coal frontiers. It was possible, until recently, to remove industrial plant from the textile area of Saxony into Western Germany by bribing frontier officials.

Now Herr Selbmann, Saxon Minister of Economics, has announced that Public Prosecutors will demand the death penalty for such delinquents. This marks a reversal to Hitler's laws, which allowed capital punishment for the evasion of economic controls.

Mark Inflated

Regarding currency, a new note issue in Western Germany would be most effective in ending the exploitation of German economy by Russia, Poland and Yugoslavia. The Soviet Military Government controls about 45 milliard reichsmarks out of 70 milliards in all Germany. It is directly pumping this currency into the German economy—a process which is copied by its satellites.

Commissioned buyers travel to Western Germany and purchase for cash, at inflated prices, the spare machine parts indispensable to the Soviet Zone, Poland, Yugoslavia and Russia. The currency thus released from Eastern bank vaults has gradually inflated the value of the mark in the West, and drains in visible reparations eastwards. This state of affairs has contributed to keeping bizonal exports as low as £46,000,000 this year, whereas £90,000,000 was the export target.

Acute Nervousness

There is acute nervousness in the five provincial Governments of the Soviet zones, lest their natural trade connections with the Ruhr and South Germany should thus be suddenly cut by Western currency reforms before a new economic bloc is moulded in Eastern Europe round Czechoslovakia and the Silesian coal basin.

An enlarged treaty providing for Ruhr production in exchange for grain and raw materials from Eastern Germany on a barter basis would perhaps tempt Russia to postpone a final rupture with the Allies in Berlin. Upon this hope the Western Allies are believed to be relying, while they have vested greater powers in the Frankfurt bizonal Administration.—Our Own Correspondent.

OPIUM SEIZED AT SEATTLE

Seattle, Jan. 11.
Customs officials reported the discovery and seizure of nearly six pounds of opium under a winch on the deck of the British steamship Silver-Walnut.

They said 42 pounds already had been found on board the ship when it docked at San Francisco recently after a trip from Calcutta.—Associated Press.

Tommies' Visit To Sacred Place



British troops of the 15th Airborne Division, stationed at Hadassah, Palestine, visited Bethlehem on Christmas Eve, to see the place where Christ was born. The spot in the Grotto of the Church of Nativity where the Christ Child was born is marked by a star (center). Seen kneeling by the star are gunner John Harding of Ilford, London; (left), and Sgt. Norman Greenfield of Gravesend, Kent. It can be seen in the picture that troops retain their arms even when visiting the birthplace of Christ. (AP Photo.)

Spies Busy In Norway

Oslo, Jan. 11.
Official sources said today that certain unidentified nations were engaged in military espionage in northern Norway but gave no other details.

The statement was made after the conservative paper, Morgenbladet, said that all big powers were involved in espionage activities in Norway. The newspaper gave no details other than an unconfirmed report that 90 Russian Navy men have been gathering information on fortifications off Kristiansand in south Norway.

The Liberal newspaper, Dagbladet, said that 22 military attaches in Oslo usually served as official spies for their respective Governments.—United Press.

BOSTON STEAM LAUNDRY

BEST SERVICE
MODERATE PRICES
31B, WYNDHAM ST.

THE GOLDEN GATE PRINTING PRESS

QUALITY job printing of every description. Letterheads, Visiting cards, Copperplates, Die stamping, Booklets, Balance sheets, Envelopes and Office supplies. Copper, Rubber, Horn & Ivory stamps maker. 44 D'Aguiar Street, Central, Hongkong. Telephone 38435.

PEIPING & TIENSIN

WOOL CARPETS
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

CHI HING HONG
65 Queen's Road C, 1st Floor, Telephone 24869 HONGKONG

SIE KEUNG PRINTING PRESS

PRINTERS OF CHINESE & ENGLISH BOOKS PERIODICALS & NEWSPAPERS
27 LYNHURST TERRACE HONG KONG TELEPHONE 27608

Service Auction Rooms

Auctioneers, Surveyors, etc. Basement, French Bank Bldg., 4-ELI, de Souza, Auctioneer Telephone 31977

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors and Appraisers. Pedder Building Telephone No. 10324

Dejan's Beauty Salons

You can trust your personal Beauty Problems to your Permanent Waves, Shampoo, Hair Dressing, Facial, Manicure, Pedicure, etc. Dejan's Beauty Salons (1st Floor) 200, Queen's Road C, Tel. 21010

NANKING "NOT WORTH HELPING" - LATTIMORE

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.
Owen Lattimore, former political adviser to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, declared today that the Chinese Central Government is "not worth helping."

Lattimore, director of International Relations at John Hopkins University, told a meeting of the Foreign Policy Association that Chiang's Government "cannot be trusted to bring order out of the present chaos."

Pointing out that he has a high personal regard for the Generalissimo, Lattimore asserted the Central Government was "too autocratic" and has driven the moderates into "what we call the Communist side."

"The arms we have given them either lost or sold to the opposition," Lattimore said. "The money we have given them and loaned them goes into the private bank account of Chinese officials."

Compromise Hope

He added that he hopes that "with their own peculiar Asiatic mind," the Chinese will work out a compromise Government "more moderate" than the present regime and with "a larger measure of state rights."

Dr. Paul Linbarger, Professor of Asiatic Politics at the School of Advanced International Studies, Washington, took another tangent, asserting that American aid to Chiang's Government "can accomplish nothing good for dollar exports."

Lattimore said the country was divided into Communist areas and Nationalist areas, and that the only way to bring about a unified government was to bring about a unified economy.

Western Nations To Meet?

LONDON, JAN. 11.
A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN TODAY SAID THAT THE FRENCH AND BRITISH GOVERNMENTS, AS THE CONVENING POWERS, HAD BEEN CONSULTING ABOUT THE DESIRABILITY OF CALLING A MEETING OF THE PARIS ECONOMIC CONFERENCE OF 16 NATIONS.

He confirmed that an agreement was recently reached between Paris and London that a further meeting of the Committee of European Economic Cooperation, which drafted the European report to the United States Government on the Marshall offer, would serve a useful purpose.

Before any decisions were taken, however, and before an official announcement could be made, other countries represented in the original Paris conference would have to be consulted.

The spokesman said that recent reports which speculated about the possibility of a further meeting of the Paris conference were "purely conjectural" and that no decision had yet been made.

SHOWING TO-DAY **QUEENS** At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.



WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY ONLY
— GRAND DOUBLE ATTRACTION —

ON THE STAGE **MR. TANG KWOK HING**
AND HIS ASSISTANTS
DOING SENSATIONAL
JUGGLING & BALANCING
ACTS

ON THE SCREEN **"THE CAPTIVE HEART"**
with Michael REDGRAVE

TO-DAY ONLY **KING'S** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

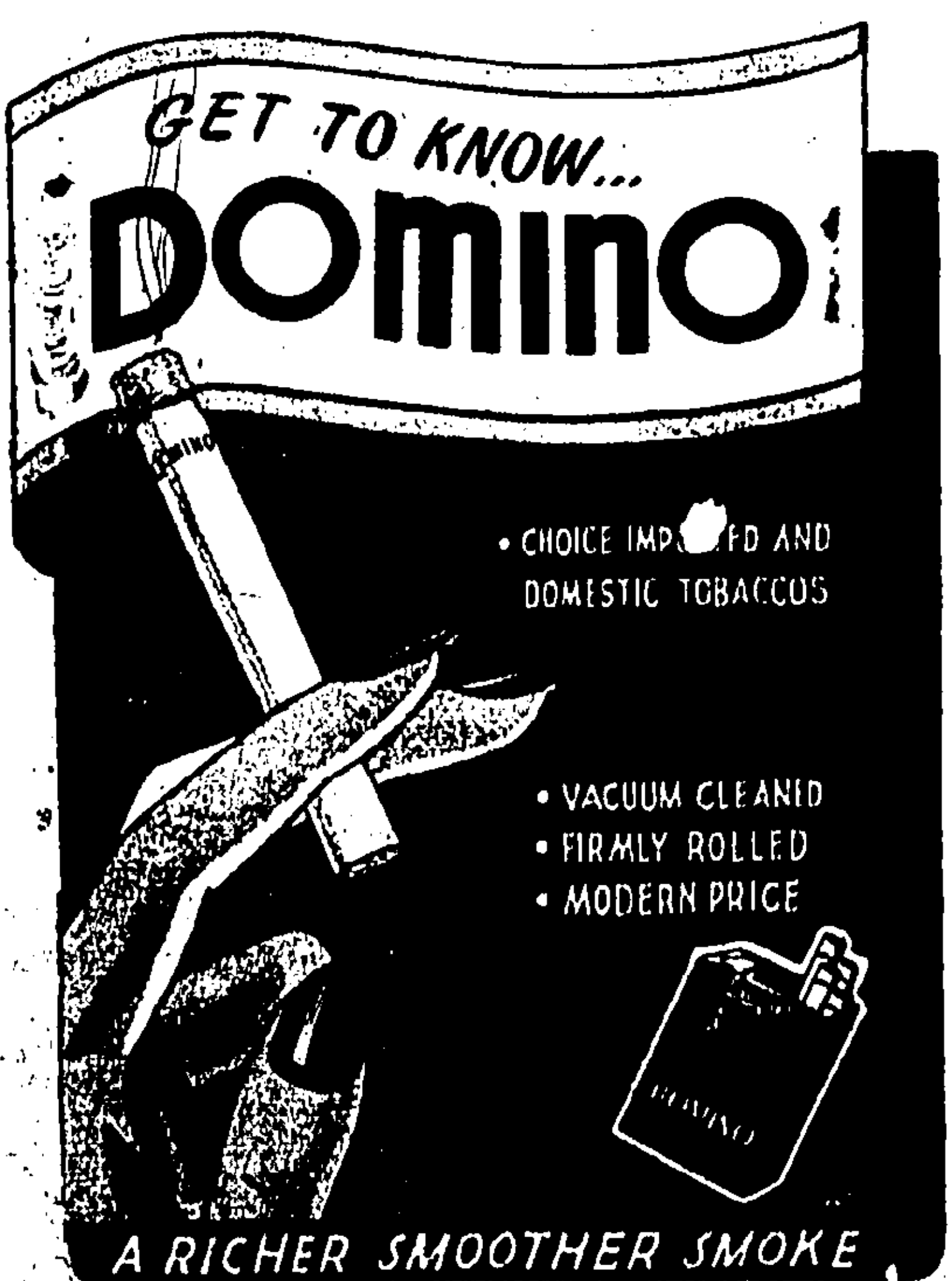
That Scandalous London Hussy Sweeps To The Screen!
Straight from the daring pages of the
sensational novel you've heard about!



— TO-MORROW —
JAMES MASON in
"THE NIGHT HAS EYES"
with WILFRID LAWSON & MARY CLARE
A BRITISH PICTURE

SHOWING TO-DAY **MAJESTIC** At 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.

Grand Double Attraction
Deborah KERR • SABU • Flora ROBSON
in
"BLACK NARCISSUS"
IN TECHNICOLOR
Also: **"THE ROYAL WEDDING"**
IN FULL TECHNICOLOR



A RICHER SMOOTHER SMOKE
Sole Agents for Hongkong & South China
MAXIM & COMPANY
TEL. 83280

1948 OF
JAN. 1, 1948
7.20 & 9.15 P.M.
Sole Distributors
THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE, LTD.
Windsor House Telephone 3211

INTERNATIONAL SOCIALISTS Opening Of First Session In London German Delegate At Meeting

London, Jan. 11.
The Committee for International Socialist conferences opened its first session here today in the presence of delegates of 19 Socialist parties. Mr. Morgan Phillips, General Secretary of the British Labour Party, was elected Chairman.

Before entering into the agenda, the delegates of three European parties, the Polish, Hungarian and Czechoslovak Socialists, made a joint declaration in protest against the Greek Government's action in again refusing passports to the Greek Socialist leader, Professor Alexander Svolos, for attending the meeting.

This, they added, was all the more regrettable as at this meeting the German Socialist Democrats were present for the first time, and, in the view of the eastern parties, ought not to have been admitted without further proof of their being "a truly Socialist revolutionary party."

French, Belgian and British spokesmen said that a protest resolution against the Greek Government's attitude had been passed unanimously at the Antwerp conference and that the admission of the German party had been decided there with more than the necessary majority.

Schumacher Silent
No purpose could be served by resuming the discussion. The delegate of Italian Socialists said that he would like to associate his party with the part of the East European declaration dealing with Greece but not with that dealing with the German party. The conference then passed its agenda without taking a vote.

Dr. Kurt Schumacher, German Socialist Democratic leader, did not take part in this discussion.

The Committee then dealt with a number of applications for membership and decided

Americans Opposed

The Eastern parties expressed opposition to the admission of Americans, on the ground that the party was too small in relation to the American labour movement. Other delegates advocated that they should be admitted as observers, but that provision should be made that equal facilities were extended also to the Social Democratic Federation of America.

It was agreed to collect further facts about both parties and to come if possible to a decision in time before the next full conference.

The committee had before it a letter from Mr. Karolyi Peyer, Hungarian opposition Socialist now in exile, and from Mr. Zivko Topalovich, exiled Yugoslav Socialist leader, asking for the admission of the Opposition Socialists from Eastern Europe even if their parties were in fact suppressed and their leaders driven into emigration. — Reuter.

Britain's Film Offer To America

London, Jan. 11.
Sir Henry French, director-general of the British Film Producers' Association, today offered to let American producers keep the profits earned by British films in the United States if the export of American films to England is resumed.

It is understood the British Government is willing to discuss the proposal with American producers as a means of breaking the stalemate which is starving British theatres of films.

The Motion Picture Producers of America cut off shipments of American films last August in retaliation for the 75 per cent British tax. It is not believed the offer would make up the loss suffered by American producers. — United Press.

Warning To Communists

Trieste, Jan. 11.
The Allied Military Government informed the Communists today that it would enforce rigidly the law forbidding unauthorised demonstrations and the wearing of uniforms in the British-American zone.

The A.M.G. also announced a reshuffle of its governmental offices to parallel more closely those of a civilian Government.

The reorganisation follows an apparent deadlock in efforts to reach agreement on a governor. One A.M.G. officer said the change would make it easier for the civilian Government to take over when a governor finally is selected. — Associated Press.

NEW AIRLINE

Madrid, Jan. 11.
A large crowd with banners gave an enthusiastic welcome today to the Mexican plane "Vera Cruz", the first passenger plane ever flown between Mexico and Spain, which landed at Barajas airport, Madrid, inaugurating a regular airline between the two countries.

The plane arrived from Lisbon, Portugal, where it had landed earlier today after flying from Mexico City in 23 hours, by way of Miami, Bermuda, and the Azores. — Reuter.

"JANE"



TOKYO GETS A SHAKING

Tokyo, Jan. 11.
A light earthquake gave Tokyo and surrounding areas a lousy shake at 0707 today. Houses and other structures creaked and quivered but no damage was reported. The Japanese Central Meteorological station said all of the Kanto and adjacent prefectures were shaken.

Epicentre was in the southwest portion of Ibaragi prefecture, 60 miles north of Tokyo. It was heavier in Yokohama than in Tokyo. — Associated Press.

Marriages Of Overseas Chinese

Nanking, Jan. 11.
Stating that marriage for Chinese living abroad constitutes a serious problem, Mr. Chen Ching-yun, Minister for Overseas Chinese Affairs, who has just returned from a tour of the Americas, last night urged the Chinese Government to negotiate with foreign countries to facilitate the entry of Chinese wives.

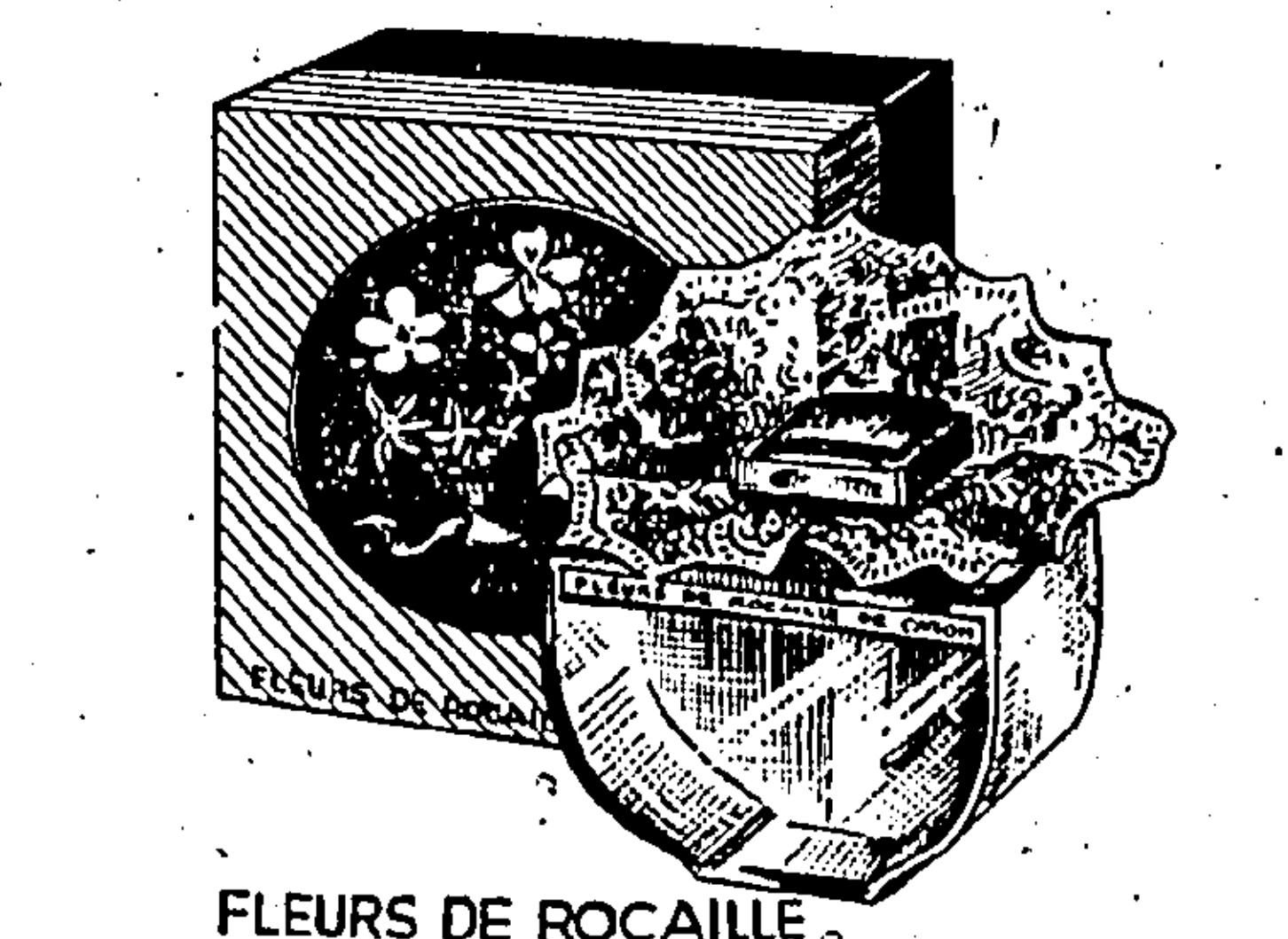
Especially in Central and South America, Mr. Chen said, immigration restrictions have made it necessary for Chinese, long resident there, to marry locally.

The Minister yesterday officiated at a ceremony uniting in wedlock two Malayan-born Chinese who had arrived in Nanking from Singapore just to get married, in accordance with the wishes of their parents that the wedding should take place in the Motherland. — Reuter-AAP.

DANISH LITTLE HOLLYWOOD

Copenhagen, Jan. 11.
The Danish Ministry of Trade will approve soon a proposal by United Artists Corporation, American film producers, to establish a "little Hollywood" in Denmark, a Ministry spokesman said.

American actors and equipment will be moved to Denmark by United Artists, which hopes to start shooting pictures by Spring. It was not known here whether the company will build studios or rent existing Danish facilities. — Associated Press.



Sole Agents:
OLIVIER-CHINE, S.A.
FRENCH BANK BUILDING — HONGKONG
3rd floor. Tel. 22765.

G-Men On Trail In Arms Case

NEW YORK, JAN. 11.
G-MEN WERE REPORTED TODAY TO BE QUESTIONING A NEW YORK BUSINESSMAN WHOSE NAME WAS GIVEN IN THE PRESS HERE AS LEONARD M. WEIZMAN, ABOUT THE CONSIGNMENTS OF EXPLOSIVES FOR PALESTINE FOUND ACROSS THE HUDSON RIVER IN NEW JERSEY.

The man was said to have an office in an East 42nd Street building, where the offices of the Zionist Organisation of America are situated.

A Federal Bureau of Investigation spokesman said that he was supposed to be an official of a firm named Foundry Associates, to which 199 tons of explosives were consigned.

There were reports tonight that other munitions than those already seized were hidden at points in the New Jersey State countryside.

The FBI, New Jersey State police, and the United States Marines were said to be combing Monmouth County, New Jersey, and adjacent areas, trying to find isolated farms used as depots for the Palestine shipments. — Reuter.

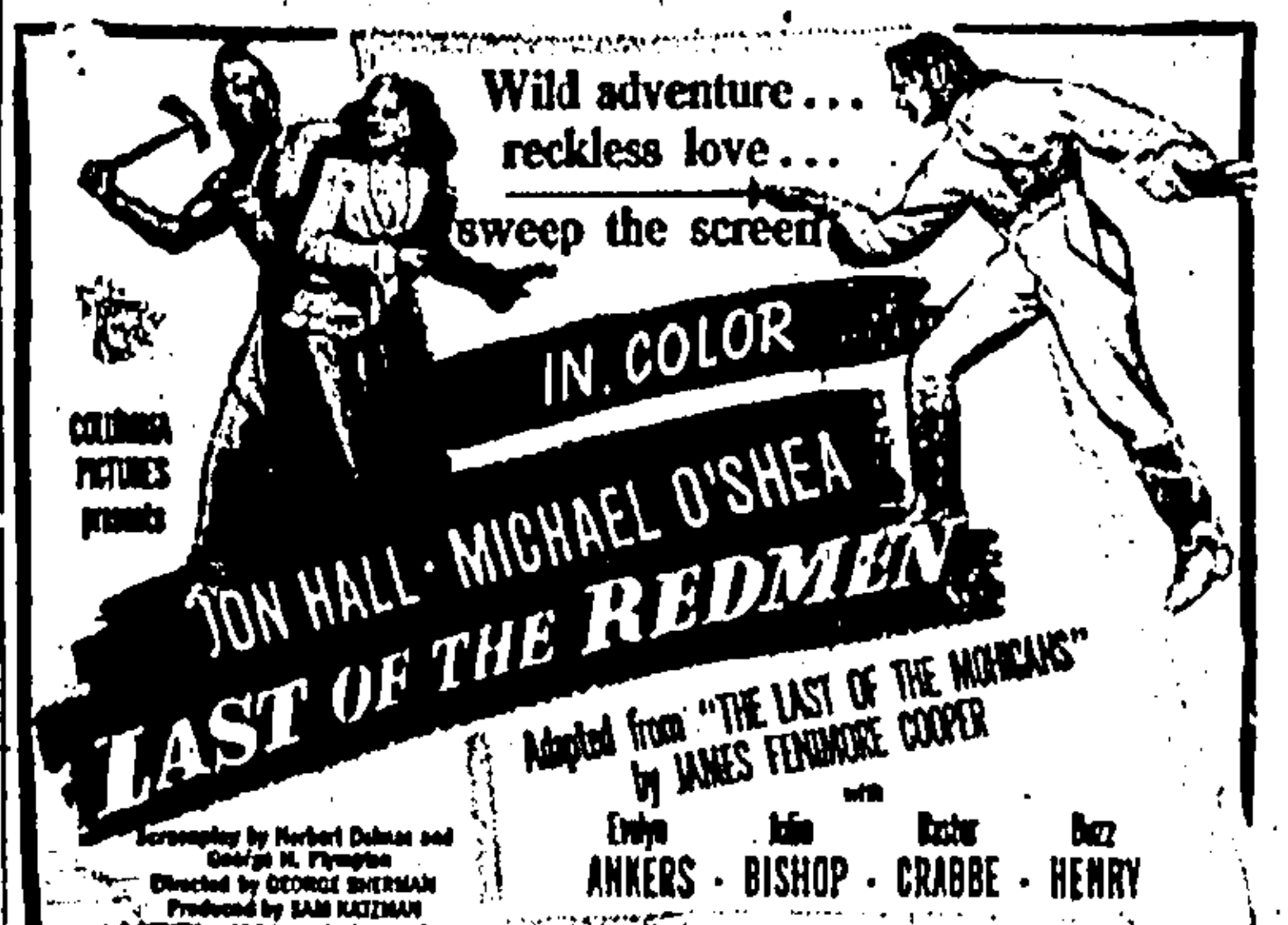
CROWD CHARGED BY POLICE

Lima, Jan. 11.
Helmeted mounted police charged into a crowd of supporters of the Inter-American Labour Conference in the Plaza San Martin last night, using tear gas and sabres to open a passage for a smaller crowd bent on demonstrating against the meeting.

The conference is scheduled to open tonight. It is supported by the American Federation of Labour of the United States, the Peruvian Federation of Labour and the Aprista Party, moderate leftist party which advocates close inter-American cooperation. It is opposed by the Conservatives and the extreme Left, including the Communists. — Associated Press.

ALHAMBRA & CENTRAL
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15 & 9.30 P.M. DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15 & 9.30 P.M.

CENTRAL: Extra Performance at 12.30 P.M.
— SHOWING TO-DAY —



— NEXT CHANGE —
ALHAMBRA **CENTRAL**
"I'LL TURN TO YOU" **"ROUGH, TOUGH AND READY"**
International Films Released A Columbia Picture



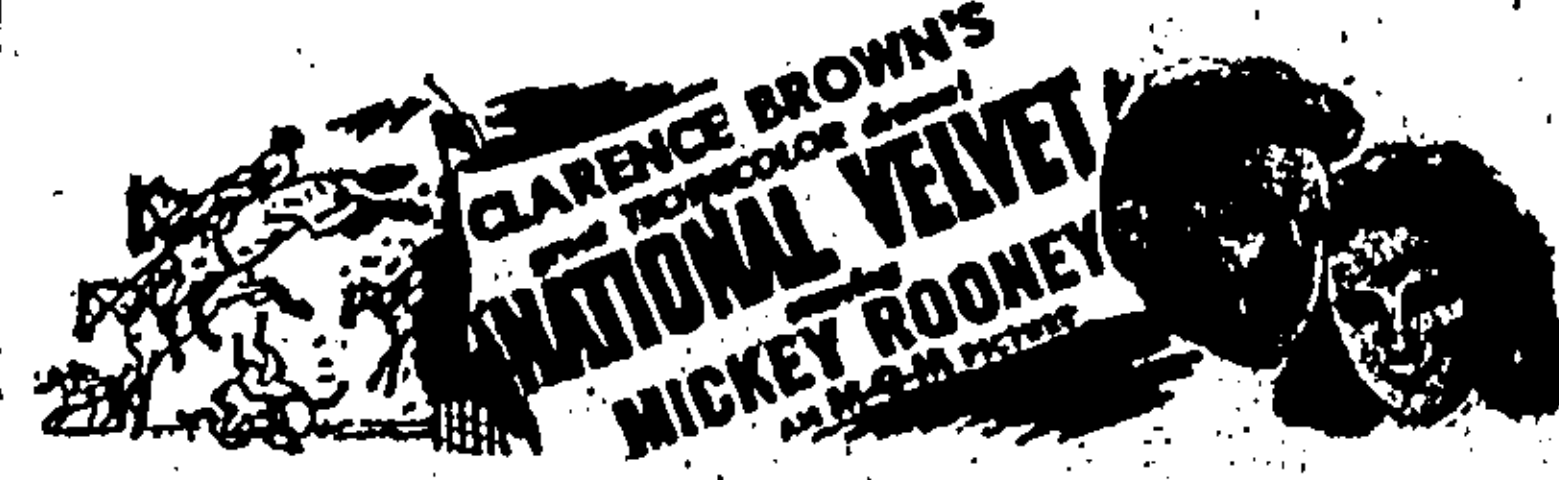
SHOWING TO-DAY: AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.



ALSO: LATEST GAUMONT BRITISH NEWS:
"REVIEW OF THE YEAR 1947"

ORIENTAL

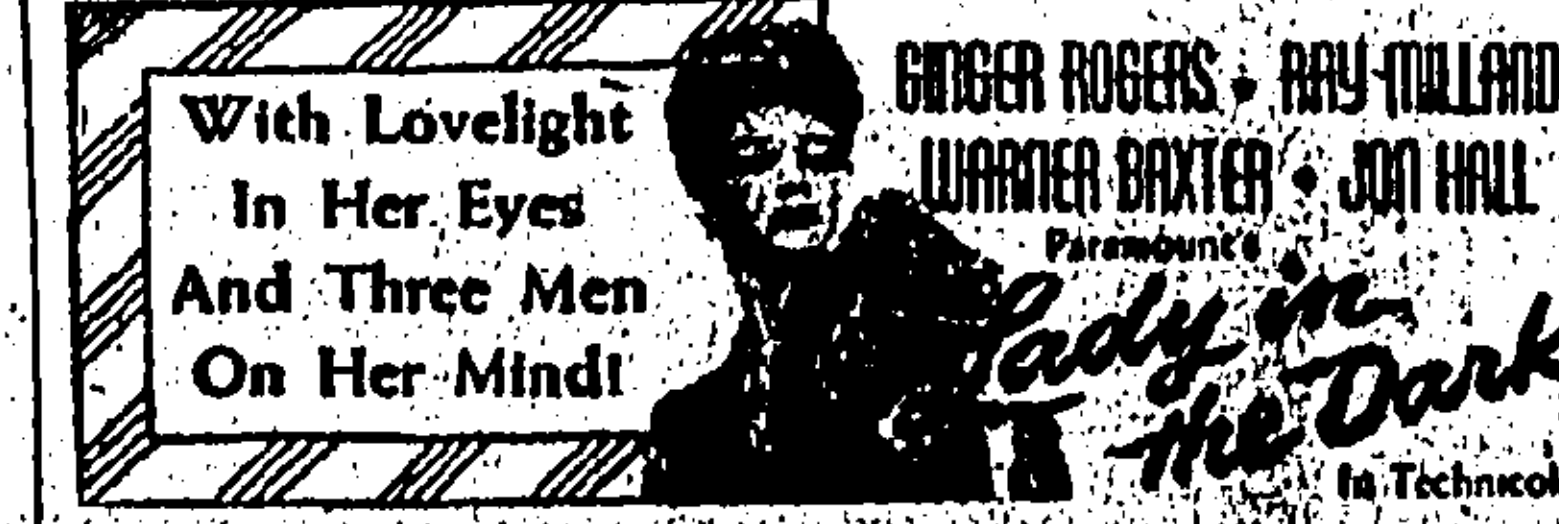
Final Showings To-Day: 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.
SPECTACULAR! Fresh and delightful
OUTSTANDING! A warm hearted delight!



COMMENCING TO-MORROW
"RINGS ON HER FINGERS"

SHOWING TO-DAY **Cathay** At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

MOST GLAMOROUS AMOROUS PICTURE OF YOUR LIFETIME!



With Lovelight
In Her Eyes
And Three Men
On Her Mind!
— NEXT CHANGE —
NEW TERRIFIC UNCONVENTIONAL!
SONNY TUFTS • ANN BLYTH • RUTH WARRICK in
MARK HELLMERS' **"SWELL GUY"**



NEXT FLIGHT

HONG KONG TO MANILA Tuesday, 13th January
HONG KONG TO BANGKOK Tuesday, 13th January
HONG KONG TO MANILA Friday, 16th January
HONG KONG TO BANGKOK Friday, 16th January

For Passage and Freight apply to:-

SOUTH EAST ASIA TRADING CO. (SIAM) Ltd.
69, Connaught Road West. Tel. 24292.

or **FAR EAST AVIATION CO., LTD.**

Top Floor, National City Bank of N.Y. Bldg. Tel. 27259.
(Entrance on Duddell Street). Kowloon Tel: 57185



Air France
(FRENCH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS)

HONGKONG/SAIGON

WEEKLY AIR SERVICE

ARRIVALS EVERY FRIDAY 2.00 P.M.
DEPARTURES EVERY SATURDAY 6.30 A.M.

ADDITIONAL AIRCRAFT
LEAVING FOR SAIGON WEDNESDAY JANUARY 14th 1948.
SEATS AVAILABLE

DIRECT CONNECTIONS FOR CAIRO, PARIS, LONDON,
ALL EUROPEAN CAPITALS, NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA.

FARE HONGKONG/PARIS £170-0-0.

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED AND FREIGHT
ACCEPTED TO ALL DESTINATIONS.

For Particulars Apply To

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
Queen's Building Tel. 26651 (three lines).



TIME MEANS MONEY TO BUSINESS

NON-STOP FLIGHT

Hongkong--Shanghai

Wednesday--Friday--Sunday

Departure Hongkong 11.00 a.m.

FARE H.K.\$350 ONLY

Luxurious Aircraft
Stewardess Service

HONGKONG
TO

(FARE)

AMOI	Daily Service Except Sun.	HK\$180.-
CANTON	Mon., Tues, Thurs, Fri. & Sat.	35.-
CHUNGKING	Saturday	300.-
KOOCHOW	Wednesday	250.-
KUNMING	Tues. & Thurs.	400.-
LIUCHOW	Tues. & Thurs.	200.-
SHANGHAI	Daily Service	350.-
SWATOW	Tues, Fri. & Sat.	120.-
TAINAN	Mon. & Thurs.	300.-

FREE BAGGAGE ALLOWANCE 30 KILOS.

OFFICES:-

HONGKONG
Shell House
Tel: 21278-27311
47635

KOWLOON
Peninsula Hotel
Lobby
Tel. 58648

TAI HANG JEWELLERY

Sole Agents For

Liberty Diamond Cutting Works (Pty) Ltd.

JOHANNESBURG
SOUTH AFRICA
Bank of East Africa Building,
7th Floor, Room 407,
Tel. 21240



Editor-in-Chief: W. J. Keates.

Business Manager: W. H. Nollath.

Telephones:

Editors 24354

Reporters & General Office 22312

(four lines)

Subscription Rates:

3 months HK\$18.00
6 months HK\$36.00
One year HK\$72.00

A DOOR SLAMMED

British regret that King Michael of Rumania has been forced to abdicate will be based upon reasons wider than mere sympathy with a young and able monarch.

The favourable impression that King Michael recently made upon those who met him as the guest of our own Royal family and the interest taken in his rumoured engagement to a Danish princess whom he met in London may well touch popular sentiment.

But the young King has already undergone considerable vicissitudes with admirable self-control and he has no reason to believe that his present position is the last word on the subject.

What matters more is the immediate fate of his unhappy country now that the last check to Communist tyranny is removed. It is nearly two years since King Michael was forced by an ultimatum from that inimitable Russian diplomat, M. Vyshinsky, to accept the Communist-dominated Government of Dr. Groza.

On that occasion (so Mr. Byrnes has recorded) M. Vyshinsky slammed the door of the audience chamber so emphatically that he broke the plaster round the door-frame. Today it is on Rumania as a whole that Moscow's envoys have slammed the door, and there is no longer room for the King in the audience chamber.

Having overcome his inclination to resign the Crown early in 1945, and remained in the vain hope of recovering his country's independence after the peace treaties were signed, King Michael has had the disagreeable experience of seeing Rumania's political freedom still further reduced by stages.

Faked elections, a censored Press, political imprisonments and general intimidation are nothing new in Rumania, but there had been hopes that Western influences might at least mitigate these evil traditions.

On the contrary, Western protests were unavailable against Moscow's puppets. The minority of non-Marxist Ministers in the Rumanian Cabinet were forced one by one to resign.

The National Peasant Party, so powerful in Transylvania, was dissolved by the Government, and its veteran leader, Dr. Maniu, "tried" and condemned to imprisonment for life.

When it is recalled that it was mainly the personal efforts of King Michael himself and of Dr. Maniu which brought Rumania eventually over to the Allied side in the summer of 1944, no explanation is needed of why it suited Communist policy to make use of the popularity of these two men in the early days of Russian occupation and why they have been the focus of attack now that Communist tyranny can dispense with their services.

To a country held under Communist domination a monarchy is as much an anomaly as is an Opposition or a middle class. Liquidation is the order of the day, and the fiction is created of a "popular republic" though the Groza regime has of course never been popular and will never be democratic.

On January 4, 1948, the people of Burma celebrated their independence. They celebrated it not against but in agreement and friendship with Britain who left them free to choose between independence, combined with full membership of the British Commonwealth, and national independence devoid of any special link with the British family of nations.

In June, 1947, the Burmese Constituent Assembly unanimously resolved to proclaim Burma an independent sovereign republic, the resolution being moved by Major-General Aung San, leader of the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League, a strong Burmese party, who had been Commander of the "Burmese Independence Army" during the Japanese occupation of the country.

The decision to proclaim Burmese independence could hardly have come as a surprise to any careful student of Burmese history or to any one acquainted with the character of the Burmese people. It was early felt it was possible that the Burmese desire for freedom from any association with a foreign political system would outweigh material considerations. The British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, apparently had this possibility in mind when he said to the House of Commons on December 20, 1946, "We do not desire to retain within the Commonwealth and Empire any unwilling peoples. It is for the people of Burma to decide their own future, but we are certain that it will be to their advantage, as it will be to ours, to remain within the Commonwealth, and we sincerely hope they will arrive at such a decision."

No Resentment Felt

When they decided otherwise, some regret but no resentment was felt on the part of Britain. On June 20, 1947, a Burmese Goodwill Mission headed by Thakin Nu, a distinguished Burmese politician, was cordially welcomed. Meanwhile, the Government in Burma was carried on by an Executive Council of which the last British Governor, Sir Hubert Rance, was Chairman with Major-General Aung San as Deputy-Chairman in charge of defence and external affairs. In London the Goodwill Mission reached so large a measure of agreement that its head, Thakin Nu, returned home to report. But before he could make his report seven members of the Executive Council, including Major-General Aung San, were assassinated on July 19 in the Council Chamber at Rangoon by armed men who sprayed the Chamber with sub-machine-gun bullets.

Suspicion of complicity in this outrage fell at once on the leader of an Opposition party, U Saw, who was arrested in his home after a pitched battle between his supporters and Government troops and police. He and some of the actual assassins have been tried and condemned to death. A new Executive Council was formed with Thakin Nu as Deputy-Chair-

100 Years Ago

(From the files of the "China Mail")

Officials overlook the importance of the Opium trade to the general trade, which can only go on side by side with it. They evidently do not understand the facilities which opium affords for laying down funds for investment in produce that like consols at home it is convertible into cash at pleasure. It is the only article supplied by foreigners for which the demand is universal all over China—that it has been the pioneer to missionary labour, and to all our early knowledge of the Coast of China.

Nothing can prevent its introduction and, this being the case, to interfere with it is to interfere with every other interest.

Lastly, it is the only article under duty regulated trade in which value in money can be obtained—all barrier transactions as a general rule toll against one party or the other, and there can be no doubt, if any credence is to be given before the Parliamentary Committee, that the inferior position is ours, in China.

Nothing can restore trade to Hong Kong but the utmost freedom of all articles of exchange. It is a generally received opinion in England that all the money, or rather the opium at once leaves China, but this is about as true as that every foreigner that leaves the Bank of England leaves the country. There is actually no person in England who has not drunk tea that was paid for in dollars received from the Chinese as the price of opium.

BURMA CELEBRATES INDEPENDENCE

By WICKHAM STEED
FORMER EDITOR OF "THE TIMES"

Preparations went steadily forward for the transfer of full power to an independent Burmese Government under Thakin Nu on January 4, 1948. This Government was formed on August 2, 1947, and Anglo-Burmese relations were entrusted to the High Commissioners in London and Rangoon.

No Easy Task

While the vigour and efficiency shown by Thakin Nu and his colleagues after the outbreak of July 19 have strengthened confidence in their ability to cope with the many problems that confront them, neither they nor their British well-wishers imagined that their task will be easy. Since the beginning of 1947 there have been frequent outbreaks of lawlessness and banditry, known as "dacoity" in Central Burma, the province of Arakan and the Irrawaddy delta. Strong action had to be taken both by the Burmese Executive Council and by the British Military authorities, British, Indian and Burmese Infantry, supported by armoured cars, being heavily engaged against well armed "dacoits" in mountainous jungle country. On May 30, 1947, Major-General Aung San had declared that he and his Party were "determined to wipe out lawlessness in the country whatever the cost." He himself with six of his colleagues, fell a victim to political lawlessness before his purpose could be fulfilled.

In any event Burma now reaps an independence which her ancestor, King Pagan, began to lose in 1852 when his attacks upon British ships and

seamen compelled the British to declare war against him and, after his defeat, to take over part of the country.

Ten years later this part of Lower Burma was organised as a British province. Regular diplomatic relations between it and the Burmese Kingdom were established in 1887; but in 1879 these relations became strained when a Burmese ruler, King Thibaw, put to death many members of the Royal Family and refused to redress a number of Indian and British grievances.

In November 1885 King Thibaw ordered his subjects to drive the British into the sea. In a few weeks he was driven from his capital by the British Army and transported to India. The whole of Burma was then annexed and settled Government gradually introduced. The country's frontiers with Siam and China were delimited. Within 10 years its population increased by 20 per cent and its cultivated area by more than one half.

National Pride

But Burmese national pride was seriously wounded by the later and ill-advised decision to incorporate Burma in the Indian Empire. Though this decision was rescinded in January, 1931, and the prospect of constitutional self-government was held out to Burma as to India, the Burmese longing for national independence grew steadily stronger.

Now after the liberation of the country from the Japanese it is to be satisfied. Burma, supported by British goodwill, should be able to work out her own salvation. If she can overcome the propensity to turbulent violence that has too often handicapped her peoples in the past she may enter upon an era of prosperity in peace.

Veg Alone Isn't Enough For Me

One swallow does not make a summer and one Bernard Shaw does not make vegetarianism suitable for the multitude. Man is by nature a carnivorous, or flesh-eating, animal. Both his teeth and his stomach are adapted and developed for that purpose.

Many people live and thrive on a vegetarian diet, but too many, like Cassius, have a lean and hungry look. This is not the time to start vegetarianism, unless you have a sound knowledge of food values and plenty of time to devote to shopping and cooking.

Vegetarian cookery takes up much more time, as most dishes require several things cooked apart and then all cooked together.

Our ancestors in Scotland were far from being vegetarians. They ate quantities of meat whenever they could get it and only lived on oatmeal because of poverty or inability to obtain flesh.

Larger Bulk

A vegetarian must have a sound digestion and be able to eat a larger bulk of food than a mixed eater. Nuts and many vegetables require good teeth to masticate them and strong digestive juices to render them suitable for absorption by the tissues of the body.

Even a vegetarian must destroy life in order to live. Every nut eaten takes the potential life of a tree, every cabbage or lettuce consumed destroys life.

and who are we to say whether the life of a tree is not as valuable in the sight of God, as that of an animal?

No Harm Done

By all means eat plenty of vegetables and fruit. And the present meat ration is so small that it cannot harm anyone in good health.

A vegetarian diet is suitable for those with a high blood pressure, a tendency to hardening of the arteries and certain types of kidney diseases. After middle age the amount of meat eaten should be reduced, but for children and the young and all those who do hard manual labour, especially out of doors, the protein of meat is required to build up the body.

Word of Warning

I was a vegetarian for two years, and although a doctor who has made a prolonged study of diet, I had to give it up owing to the alarming loss of weight and state of general debility it produced.

So a word of warning is necessary. Do not start vegetarianism unless you are prepared to devote a large amount of time to the study of the subject, the balancing of the diet, the proper cooking of the food and the maintaining of body weight and of general health.

In any case, consult your doctor before deciding to become a vegetarian.

A PHYSICIAN.

CHINA BRAINS TRUST RECOMMENDATIONS

Nanking, Jan. 11. The Central Daily News said today that the National Economic Council, China's "economic brain trust," had recommended that the present export-import trade and the foreign exchange control policy should be continued without change and that barter trade should be adopted as far as possible in international commerce.

The recommendations were embodied in a set of detailed measures drafted by the Council according to Premier Chiang Kai-shek's plan, which was approved last year as a fundamental solution of China's economic troubles.

The measures, which will be submitted to the Executive Yuan for consideration shortly, will govern the administration of economic policy for the current financial year. The provisions are:

CARNIVAL By Dick Turner



"You hear so much about teachers making small salaries, you'd think some of the profs. would go in for baby sitting!"

Cry Of Holy War Unites All Arabs

The declaration of a holy war announced from Cairo by the Council of Al-Azhar University, the largest and most important Moslem university in the world, means much more than a decision to fight.

In the long and troubled history of the Moslems in the Middle East the call to a holy war has bound them together in a singleness of purpose which could never otherwise have been accomplished.

Intersecting hatreds were stilled in a moment and the great emotional force of the religion set free.

In the heat-laden deserts of the Middle East tempers flare easily, and under the powerful stimulant of the Moslem faith a holy war leads to unparalleled ferocity. Driven by this fanaticism, the Arabs will fearlessly immolate themselves. Death in battle, far from being feared, is welcomed as a passport to Paradise.

During the Crusades, those great wars of faith in Palestine, there was an unrelenting courage because of these dominating calls upon the spirit.

Valour in Crusades. The driving motif behind the valour of the chivalry of Europe, fighting in heavy armour and usually outnumbered, was the burning flame within them.

To the Moslem the reward of Paradise; to the Crusader the remission of sin and a new path to Heaven. Both sides fought with unrelenting courage because of these dominating calls upon the spirit.

Inspired Victory. The conventional phrase of the Arabs: "May Allah protect you" had its counterpart amongst the

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By SHEPARD BARCLAY
"THE AUTHORITY ON AUTHORITIES"

SCRAP THOSE OLD RULES

A player who expects to get anywhere would do well to scrap the old Whist rules which do not apply to bridge, with a dummy in sight. Two of them which caused thousands of points are "third hand high" and "don't finesse against your partner." Common sense is a better guide than any such rules. It tells you to violate both of them when you see in the dummy a secondary honor which threatens to be a side entry for the dummy's long suit, and you hold over it a higher honor. Then your job is to hold your own honour until the dummy's has been played and can be killed by it.

West led his heart 3, on which South played low from dummy. East now remembers the two rules about third-hand high and not finessing against his partner, so put in the K, which the A killed. From there it was a breeze. This play did more than present South a third trick in the heart suit which third trick is worth only two, as it also gave him a certain entry to the dummy to help bring in the diamonds.

West had enough brains to let the diamond Q pass through, then took the 9 with his A. His heart return enabled South to skip along then and get an extra trick, with one in spades, three in hearts, four in diamonds and two in clubs, when the finesse worked.

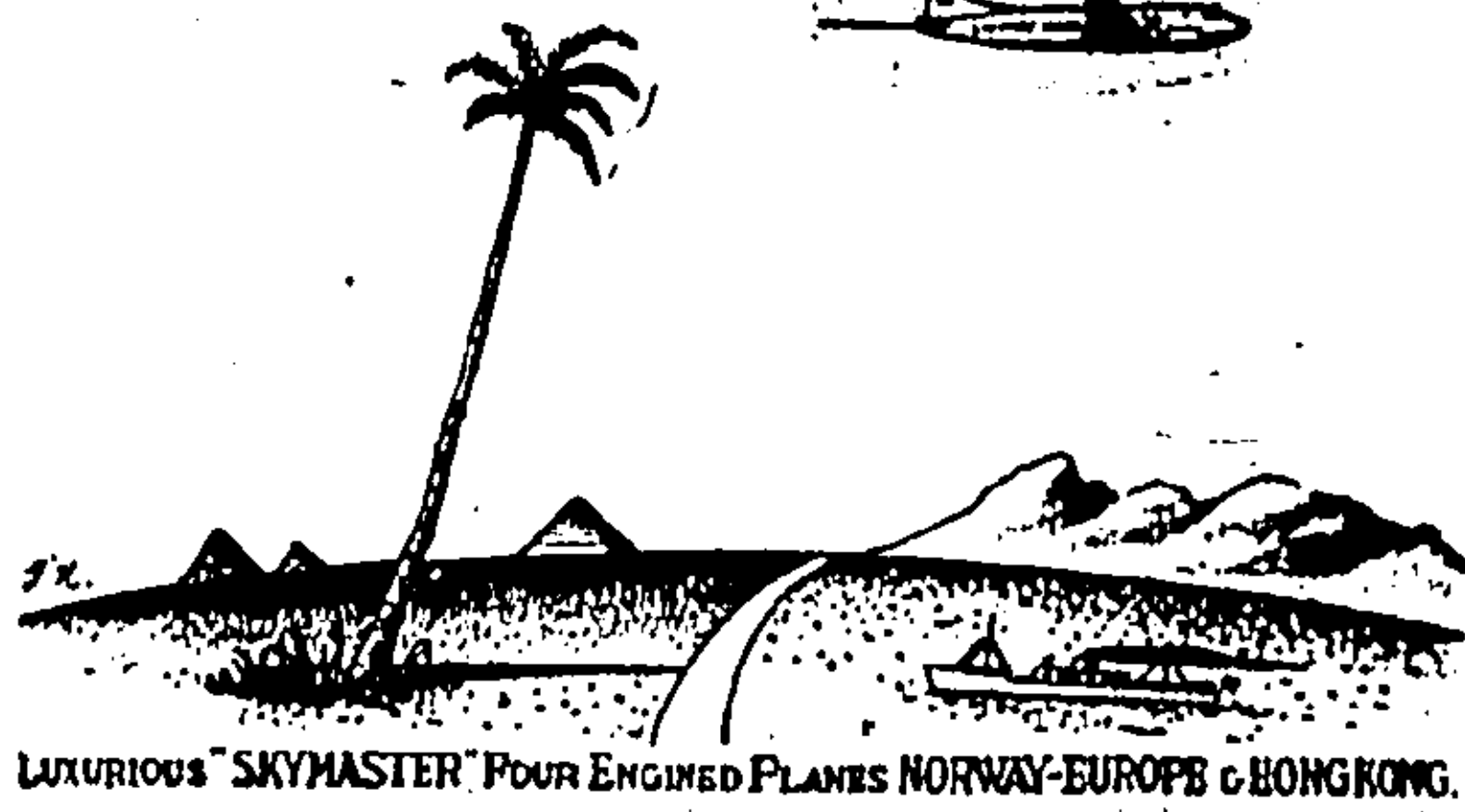
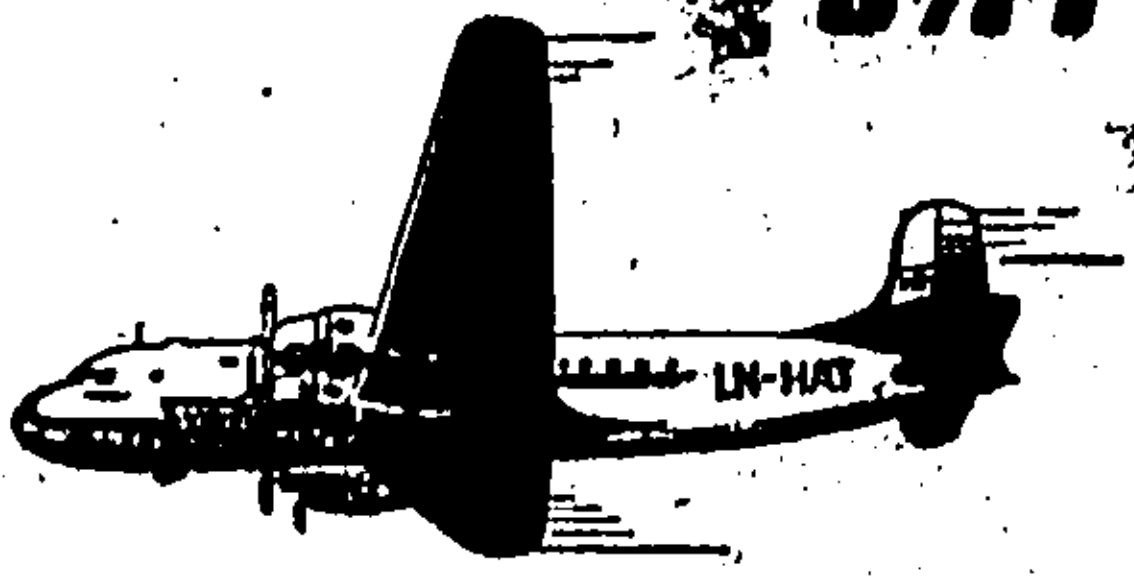
If East had properly held up his K on the first trick, South could never have scored more than one trick in diamonds and two in hearts, plus an inadequate number of black card tricks, and could have been defeated several by any likely line of play.

Tomorrow's Problem. H. A. Q. 9.2. H. A. Q. 9.3. H. A. Q. 9.4. H. A. Q. 9.5. H. A. Q. 9.6. H. A. Q. 9.7. H. A. Q. 9.8. H. A. Q. 9.9. H. A. Q. 9.10. H. A. Q. 9.11. H. A. Q. 9.12. H. A. Q. 9.13. H. A. Q. 9.14. H. A. Q. 9.15. H. A. Q. 9.16. H. A. Q. 9.17. H. A. Q. 9.18. H. A. Q. 9.19. H. A. Q. 9.20. H. A. Q. 9.21. H. A. Q. 9.22. H. A. Q. 9.23. H. A. Q. 9.24. H. A. Q. 9.25. H. A. Q. 9.26. H. A. Q. 9.27. H. A. Q. 9.28. H. A. Q. 9.29. H. A. Q. 9.30. H. A. Q. 9.31. H. A. Q. 9.32. H. A. Q. 9.33. H. A. Q. 9.34. H. A. Q. 9.35. H. A. Q. 9.36. H. A. Q. 9.37. H. A. Q. 9.38. H. A. Q. 9.39. H. A. Q. 9.40. H. A. Q. 9.41. H. A. Q. 9.42. H. A. Q. 9.43. H. A. Q. 9.44. H. A. Q. 9.45. H. A. Q. 9.46. H. A. Q. 9.47. H. A. Q. 9.48. H. A. Q. 9.49. H. A. Q. 9.50. H. A. Q. 9.51. H. A. Q. 9.52. H. A. Q. 9.53. H. A. Q. 9.54. H. A. Q. 9.55. H. A. Q. 9.56. H. A. Q. 9.57. H. A. Q. 9.58. H. A. Q. 9.59. H. A. Q. 9.60. H. A. Q. 9.61. H. A. Q. 9.62. H. A. Q. 9.63. H. A. Q. 9.64. H. A. Q. 9.65. H. A. Q. 9.66. H. A. Q. 9.67. H. A. Q. 9.68. H. A. Q. 9.69. H. A. Q. 9.70. H. A. Q. 9.71. H. A. Q. 9.72. H. A. Q. 9.73. H. A. Q. 9.74. H. A. Q. 9.75. H. A. Q. 9.76. H. A. Q. 9.77. H. A. Q. 9.78. H. A. Q. 9.79. H. A. Q. 9.80. H. A. Q. 9.81. H. A. Q. 9.82. H. A. Q. 9.83. H. A. Q. 9.84. H. A. Q. 9.85. H. A. Q. 9.86. H. A. Q. 9.87. H. A. Q. 9.88. H. A. Q. 9.89. H. A. Q. 9.90. H. A. Q. 9.91. H. A. Q. 9.92. H. A. Q. 9.93. H. A. Q. 9.94. H. A. Q. 9.95. H. A. Q. 9.96. H. A. Q. 9.97. H. A. Q. 9.98. H. A. Q. 9.99. H. A. Q. 9.100. H. A. Q. 9.101. H. A. Q. 9.102. H. A. Q. 9.103. H. A. Q. 9.104. H. A. Q. 9.105. H. A. Q. 9.106. H. A. Q. 9.107. H. A. Q. 9.108. H. A. Q. 9.109. H. A. Q. 9.110. H. A. Q. 9.111. H. A. Q. 9.112. H. A. Q. 9.113. H. A. Q. 9.114. H. A. Q. 9.115. H. A. Q. 9.116. H. A. Q. 9.117. H. A. Q. 9.118. H. A. Q. 9.119. H. A. Q. 9.120. H. A. Q. 9.121. H. A. Q. 9.122. H. A. Q. 9.123. H. A. Q. 9.124. H. A. Q. 9.125. H. A. Q. 9.126. H. A. Q. 9.127. H. A. Q. 9.128. H. A. Q. 9.129. H. A. Q. 9.130. H. A. Q. 9.131. H. A. Q. 9.132. H. A. Q. 9.133. H. A. Q. 9.134. H. A. Q. 9.135. H. A. Q. 9.136. H. A. Q. 9.137. H. A. Q. 9.138. H. A. Q. 9.139. H. A. Q. 9.140. H. A. Q. 9.141. H. A. Q. 9.142. H. A. Q. 9.143. H. A. Q. 9.144. H. A. Q. 9.145. H. A. Q. 9.146. H. A. Q. 9.147. H. A. Q. 9.148. H. A. Q. 9.149. H. A. Q. 9.150. H. A. Q. 9.151. H. A. Q. 9.152. H. A. Q. 9.153. H. A. Q. 9.154. H. A. Q. 9.155. H. A. Q. 9.156. H. A. Q. 9.157. H. A. Q. 9.158. H. A. Q. 9.159. H. A. Q. 9.160. H. A. Q. 9.161. H. A. Q. 9.162. H. A. Q. 9.163. H. A. Q. 9.164. H. A. Q. 9.165. H. A. Q. 9.166. H. A. Q. 9.167. H. A. Q. 9.168. H. A. Q. 9.169. H. A. Q. 9.170. H. A. Q. 9.171. H. A. Q. 9.172. H. A. Q. 9.173. H. A. Q. 9.174. H. A. Q. 9.175. H. A. Q. 9.176. H. A. Q. 9.177. H. A. Q. 9.178. H. A. Q. 9.179. H. A. Q. 9.180. H. A. Q. 9.181. H. A. Q. 9.182. H. A. Q. 9.183. H. A. Q. 9.184. H. A. Q. 9.185. H. A. Q. 9.186. H. A. Q. 9.187. H. A. Q. 9.188. H. A. Q. 9.189. H. A. Q. 9.190. H. A. Q. 9.191. H. A. Q. 9.192. H. A. Q. 9.193. H. A. Q. 9.194. H. A. Q. 9.195. H. A. Q. 9.196. H. A. Q. 9.197. H. A. Q. 9.198. H. A. Q. 9.199. H. A. Q. 9.200. H. A. Q. 9.201. H. A. Q. 9.202. H. A. Q. 9.203. H. A. Q. 9.204. H. A. Q. 9.205. H. A. Q. 9.206. H. A. Q. 9.207. H. A. Q. 9.208. H. A. Q. 9.209. H. A. Q. 9.210. H. A. Q. 9.211. H. A. Q. 9.212. H. A. Q. 9.213. H. A. Q. 9.214. H. A. Q. 9.215. H. A. Q. 9.216. H. A. Q. 9.217. H. A. Q. 9.218. H. A. Q. 9.219. H. A. Q. 9.220. H. A. Q. 9.221. H. A. Q. 9.222. H. A. Q. 9.223. H. A. Q. 9.224. H. A. Q. 9.225. H. A. Q. 9.226. H. A. Q. 9.227. H. A. Q. 9.228. H. A. Q. 9.229. H. A. Q. 9.230. H. A. Q. 9.231. H. A. Q. 9.232. H. A. Q. 9.233. H. A. Q. 9.234. H. A. Q. 9.235. H. A. Q. 9.236. H. A. Q. 9.237. H. A. Q. 9.238. H. A. Q. 9.239. H. A. Q. 9.240. H. A. Q. 9.241. H. A. Q. 9.242. H. A. Q. 9.243. H. A. Q. 9.244. H. A. Q. 9.245. H. A. Q. 9.246. H. A. Q. 9.247. H. A. Q. 9.248. H. A. Q. 9.249. H. A. Q. 9.250. H. A. Q. 9.251. H. A. Q. 9.252. H. A. Q. 9.253. H. A. Q. 9.254. H. A. Q. 9.255. H. A. Q. 9.256. H. A. Q. 9.257. H. A. Q. 9.258. H. A. Q. 9.259. H. A. Q. 9.260. H. A. Q. 9.261. H. A. Q. 9.262. H. A. Q. 9.263. H. A. Q. 9.264. H. A. Q. 9.265. H. A. Q. 9.266. H. A. Q. 9.267. H. A. Q. 9.268. H. A. Q. 9.269. H. A. Q. 9.270. H. A. Q. 9.271. H. A. Q. 9

BRAATHENS

SOUTH AMERICAN & FAR EAST AIRTRANSPORT A-S

SAFE



LUXURIOUS "SKYMASTER" FOUR ENGINE PLANE NORWAY-EUROPE & HONGKONG.

HONGKONG-LONDON

VIA AMSTERDAM

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION NO PRIORITIES REQUIRED

EXPECTED DEPARTURES FROM HONGKONG:

21st January *
4th February
21st February

* ACCEPTING PASSENGERS & FREIGHT FOR TEHRAN

For Passage & Freight bookings Apply to:-

WALLEM & CO.

Agents:

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. Tels: 34177-9
Chinese Freight Agents: HIN FAT & CO., Tel. 23463

HEADLINE ANNOUNCEMENT for 1948



takes pleasure in ANNOUNCING that

Lillian Cooper

is now available at the LEADING STORES

GET YOUR QUOTA EARLY AND SEE
FOR YOURSELF THAT—

"BEAUTY CAN ALSO BE YOURS"

TKACHENKO'S

RESTAURANT & CONFECTIONARY

3, Hankow Road, Gr. & 1st floor, Kowloon.

The ONLY Real Russian Restaurant in the Colony serving the many famous & delicious Russian Dishes.

Always in stock a varied assortment of Vodka, Whisky, Wines, Beer and Liqueurs, served with or without food.

Classical Music every Night (1st floor)

OUR CONFECTIONARY has always a large assortment of
Tarts, Cakes, Cookies and Sweets on display.

DAILY TEA 12.15-1.45 P.M.
DINNER 12.15-1.45 P.M.
For Reservations Phone 6000

BOOM IN SHIPBUILDING

Yards' Largest Number Of Orders Ever Booked Up For Three Years

London, Jan. 11. British shipbuilders last year had the greatest volume of orders ever recorded, the value of the tonnage contracted for being at least £300,000,000, of which one-third is for export. Some yards are booked up till 1951.

Production of new work has not been a record, but despite numerous difficulties 1,100,000 tons gross have been launched, and approximately the same amount completed during the year.

Harland and Wolff by launching from their Belfast and Clyde yards 183,509 tons gross, have set up a record for individual firms.

New production is only a partial picture of the industry's activities, for there are more workers on repairs than on new construction.

The year's output from all Scottish yards is higher than last year's. The total tonnage is computed at 450,000 tons, of which the Clyde's share was nearly 375,000; the Clyde yards alone enter upon the new year with contracts of an estimated aggregate value of over £65,000,000. The possibility of labour shortages might endanger contract dates.

Tankers Ordered

Expansion in the oil industry is resulting in shipbuilders being inundated with inquiries for tankers. In the past few weeks orders provisionally placed in United Kingdom yards amount to at least £50,000,000. Owners are even securing berths for vessels before they have been designed and tankers whose keels are not yet laid have been booked for chartering some years hence.

Several things have combined to create the need; the immense refinery projects in this country and abroad; the fact that the United States is becoming an importer of oil instead of an exporter; and big developments in the Near and Middle East as well as in the oilfields in Central and South America. In addition, ships, railways, steelworks and other industries are still changing from coal to liquid fuel.

A number of Scandinavian yards are booked up till 1954 with tanker orders.

British shipbuilders are reluctant to take on such long-term commitments, but have now accepted forward contracts because cargo, tramp and other owners are still hesitant about replacing war losses now.

A consequence is that yards that never built tankers are now booking such work.—Our Own Correspondent.

U.S. CONSUL'S ESCAPE

Jerusalem, Jan. 11. Bullets fired from a bush narrowly missed the United States Military Attache in Jerusalem while he was riding on the outskirts of the city today.

The Attache's horse was struck twice by the rifle bullets.—Associated Press.

Soviet Vessel Off Rocks

Shanghai, Jan. 11. The Soviet vessel Podolsk, which went aground at Amherst Rock off Woosung, entrance to Shanghai's harbour, was towed into the harbour last night by another Soviet vessel, Smolny, and a Chinese tug.

No casualties were reported and little damage was caused.

The Podolsk, approximately 2,000 tons, left on Friday for Vladivostok without passengers or cargo sailing in ballast but went aground yesterday.

The Smolny, passenger vessel en route to the Soviet Union, was ordered to rescue by the local Russian authorities. Aboard the Smolny was Maj. Gen. V. Roschin, chief Soviet Military Attache in China, who is going to Moscow for consultations with the Government.—United Press.

Bollaert Reports On Bao Dai

Paris, Jan. 11. The French High Commissioner for Indo-China (M. Emile Bollaert) reported on the progress of his talks in Geneva with Bao Dai, former Emperor of Annam, to French Government chiefs this morning in a brief special meeting presided by President Vincent Auriol.

Bollaert, who returned to Paris last night reportedly for further instructions from his Government, conferred with President Auriol, Premier Robert Schuman, Andre Marie (Minister of Justice and Acting Foreign Minister) and Pierre Pflimlin (Agriculture Minister and representing the Overseas Minister) in Auriol's office at Elysee Palace.

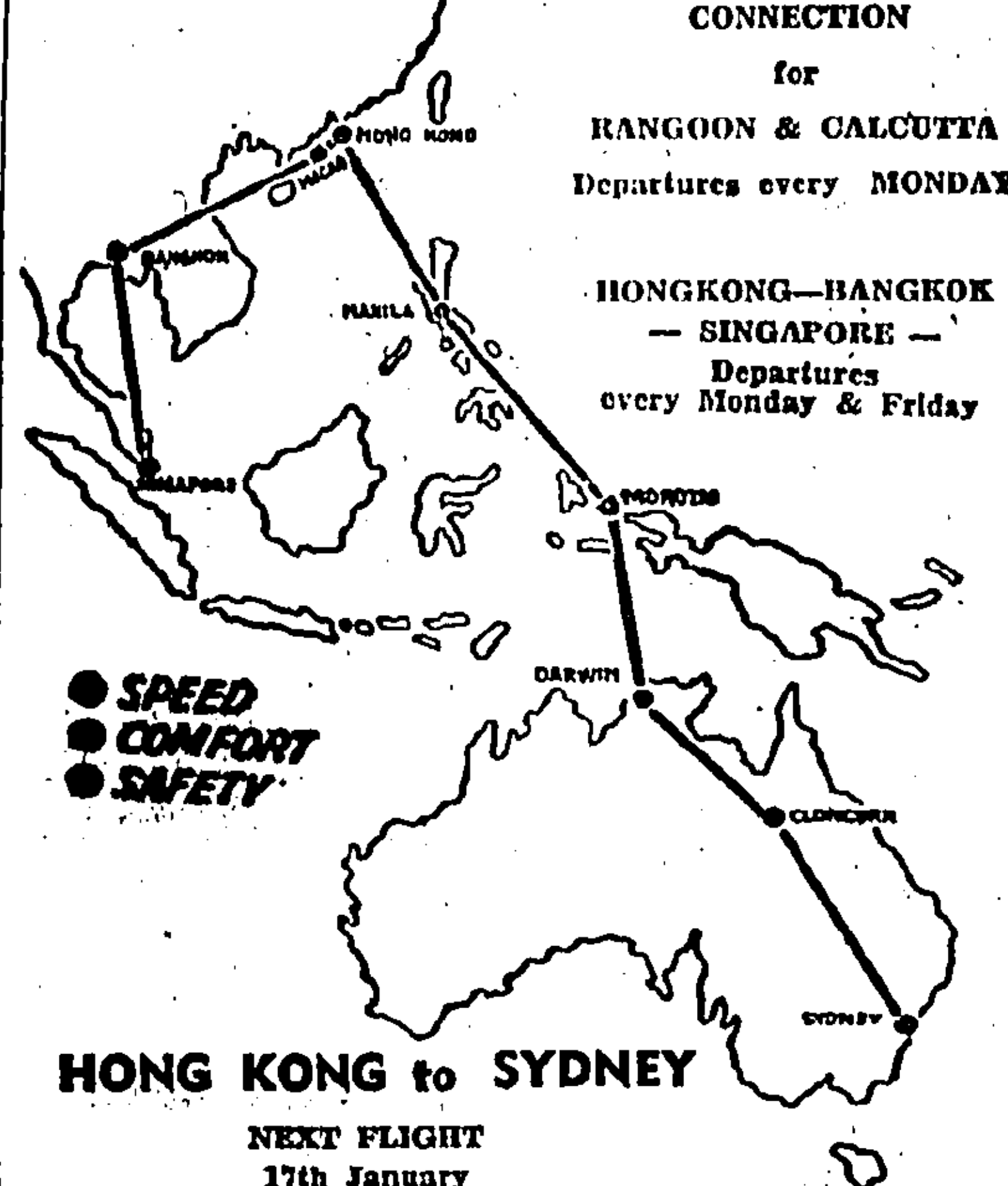
Immediately afterwards a full Council of Ministers met in a special session to discuss further the Indochinese problem and also reportedly the Moroccan situation as well as the formation of a bizone economic council in Western Germany.—United Press.

Lathay Pacific

DIRECT CONNECTION for RANGOON & CALCUTTA

Departures every MONDAY

HONGKONG—HANGKOW—SINGAPORE—Departures every Monday & Friday



HONG KONG to SYDNEY

NEXT FLIGHT

17th January

Passenger & Freight Booking Agents

P. J. LOBO & CO., LTD.

4 Charter Rd. Tels. 21162 & 21163

Kia. Of. Tel. 01340

BOAC

HONG KONG AIRWAYS

Whether you wish to make a business trip across the world, or send your children home to school by special BOAC Flying Boat, or whether you wish to make a quick trip to Shanghai or Canton by a comfortable Hong Kong Airways landplane, we shall be equally pleased to help you make all arrangements.

Air freight is speedy and convenient—and often cheaper—than air mail. We can accept your consignments at our Charter Road Office as well as at Kowloon.

And if you are an airline operator, we have unrivalled traffic handling facilities to place at your disposal—ask for details.

For further information and bookings apply to the General Agents: Telephones 27765 & 27766

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO. LTD. ALEXANDRA BUILDING CHATER ROAD.

Tea in SHANGHAI



DC-4 gets you to Shanghai—comfortably and economically.

C.N.A.C.'s daily Hongkong—Shanghai service offers you the opportunity to travel on the day you desire.

FARE: HK\$350.00



Gloucester Building, Hongkong. Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon. Tels. 31166 — 31169

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND VALUERS
"COME TO US FOR ADVICE"
ALL TYPES INDUSTRIAL & DOMESTIC PROPERTIES AVAILABLE
3, Connaught Road, Tel. 43403, Telegrams "Harriman"

D.P.'s As American Farmers?

NEW YORK, JAN. 11. MOST FARMERS OF THE MIDDLE WEST—AMERICA'S "BREAD BASKET"—ARE IN FAVOUR OF A PLAN TO ADMIT EUROPEAN DISPLACED PERSONS TO THE UNITED STATES AS FARM WORKERS.

A vocational survey has shown that 100,000 out of 850,000 people in European displaced persons camps are agricultural workers, and with the farm population of the "bread basket" area down 20 per cent on the 1920 figure, Middle Westerners see no reason why some of the discrepancy should not be made good by displaced persons.

There would be little if any objection to the resettlement of displaced persons in the Middle West on racial, linguistic or religious grounds.

Balts, Slavs and other racial groups would find colonies of their own races scattered throughout the Middle West.

The population of the Middle West is not so stable that the influx of foreign-born farmers would be a problem.

Many thousands of Middle Westerners still speak the language of their countries and they still read newspapers printed in their own language.—Reuter.

Took It As An Insult

New York, Jan. 11. Svend S. Hansen, United Nations correspondent for a Communist newspaper in Bombay, says the Federal authorities were not necessarily scared and behaved stupidly in arresting him on charges of violating his students visa while working at U.N. Headquarters.

The 38-year-old newspaperman, who had been in the United States for several years, was arrested yesterday by the Federal authorities. He was charged with violating his visa while working at U.N. Headquarters.

Hansen was detained six days at Ellis Island following his arrest by immigration authorities on charges that he violated the visa by accepting employment as a U.N. correspondent for the Bombay newspaper. The People's Age.

Proceedings were stayed when he announced intention of leaving the U.S. Hansen is in trouble to the United States. Hansen is in trouble to the United States. Hansen is in trouble to the United States.—Associated Press.



A man (right) is struck down by a policeman's rubber truncheon as police broke up a demonstration during the second day of Rome's general strike. The strike ended when an agreement was reached on the Chamber of Labour's demand for a £3,500,000 programme of unemployment relief works. (Alpha)

Outspoken Attack On Premier By Labour Rebel

Newcastle, Jan. 11. Mr. Kohn Zilliacus, Labour Member of Parliament and left wing critic of Mr. Ernest Bevin's foreign policy, today attacked his Party leader, the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, for appearing to be "complacently blind to the dangers to the survival of the Labour Government, as contained in the present American policy."

Referring to Mr. Attlee's recent broadcast, in which he said that Labour Britain stood for something in a world different from both capitalist United States and Communist Russia, Mr. Zilliacus said:

"When confronted by the vast phenomenon of a social revolution in Europe and Asia, including nearly all working classes under the leadership of France and Italy and a majority of that in Germany, Mr. Attlee did not speak like a statesman."

"He grizzled like a government, rendered peevish by the naughtiness of the little ones confided to his care."

Real Fight
Mr. Attlee appears as complacently blind to the obscenity of Royalists and quillings and improvement of the Greek people, as he is to the dangers of America's imperialism.

Angry Words In "Little Assembly"

Lake Success, Jan. 11. The United States won its first test in the Soviet-boycotted "Little Assembly" of the United Nations today when the Assembly decided to shelve the more two months debate on the Big Five veto power.

The organisation adopted a plan for delayed vote debate after angry verbal exchanges between the American delegate, Mr. Warren Austin, and Dr. Alberto Uleas of Peru who questioned the motives of the American manoeuvre.

The Little Assembly, conceived by the United States and boycotted by the six nations of the Soviet bloc, voted 39 to one to set March 15 as the deadline for proposals by United Nations members for altering the great power veto in the Security Council.

Four nations abstained.—United Press.

GREEK MONEY CRISIS

Athens, Jan. 11. Depreciation of the Drachma brought expressions of concern today that the entire Greek economic rehabilitation programme may collapse.

The gold sovereign jumped from 220,000 to 235,000 Drachmas.

Home financial sources said that unless the Bank of Greece sells gold sovereigns in the free market to prevent further depreciation of the Drachma, there can be no talk of price controls and currency stability.—Associated Press.

INDIAN JUTE

Calcutta, Jan. 10. The export of jute and jute goods is being resumed following the extension by the Government of India to March 31, 1948 of unshipped quotas for the half year ending Dec. 24, 1947.

It is authoritatively learned that for the current half year there is no allotment of raw jute for export.

The Government has allotted an export quota for jute goods, which will be distributed on pro rata basis.—Reuter.

TRAIN DERAILED

Boston, Jan. 11. Sixty-three were reported injured today in the derailment of a Boston to Providence train at the Back Bay station, the New Haven Railroad said.—Associated Press.

SHEAFFER'S

Scrip Ink

is back in Hongkong.



There are many sound reasons for the popularity of Sheaffer's SKRIP. 12 brilliant colours... 8 washable, 4 permanent... one to match every mood and personality, every stationery colour. Non-sediment forming SKRIP keeps pens clean, protects vital parts. And only free-flowing, quick-drying SKRIP comes in the exclusive Top Well, bottle that keeps fingers clean, simplifies refilling.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL LEADING STORES

UNIVERSAL SALES (CHINA) INC.

43 French Bank Building.

Phone 34194

AGENTS FOR

L. D. SEYMOUR & CO., INC.

A.P.B.I.B.

"THE RITZ"

DINE and WINE
AT THE BEST SPOT IN TOWN.BEST MUSIC
BEST DANCE FLOOR
BEST ATMOSPHEREPhone 27580—For reservation.
Address: 939 King's Road.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

ANNUAL RACE MEETING 1948.

Saturday, 17th January, Monday, 19th January,
Tuesday, 20th January & Saturday, 24th January.

The First Bell will be rung at 11.30 a.m. and the first race will be run at 12.00 noon, each day. The interval is after the fourth race (1.30 p.m.).

Through numbers (44 race \$88.00) may be obtained at the Office of the Treasurers, 1st Floor, Exchange Building also tickets for the Special Cash Sweep on the "HONG KONG DEITY" scheduled to be run on the second day, Monday, 19th January. The latter may also be purchased at the Club's Branch Office, No. 382 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE.

Members are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10 per day including tax are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all debts etc. Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurers' Comptroller Office and the Secretary's Office will close at 10.00 a.m. each day. Both Offices at 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House, provided they are order in advance from the No. 1 Box (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3 each day including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

Bookmakers, Tio Tio men, able in the Restaurant in the grounds within the precincts of the Race Meeting. Refreshments will be obtainable (except suet, such only, of prepared by you) at the Public Enclosure.

SERVANTS' PASSES

Passes for Servants will be issued to Private Box holders ONLY on application to the Secretary, 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

Any persons found loitering with Servants' passes in their possession will forfeit the same and will be removed from the enclosure.

BY ORDER

S. A. SEAR

Actg. Secretary

Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery recently flew to Kenya to inspect the new British base there. Tremendous developments are taking place in Rhodesia. Will this be the new supply base?

New Empire Supply Base
In Land Of Opportunity

By Geoff Jenkins

Southern Rhodesia means big business industrially. Into the vast and as yet little developed territory between the Limpopo and the Zambezi Rivers is pouring an ever-increasing stream of British capital, British industry, and British settlers. It is a stream which, it is realised here in Britain, if taken at the flood will lead on to fortune.

The fortune will be Rhodesia's in the transformation of her vast mineral and agricultural resources into wealth for the Empire and into valuable dollar currency.

You must think of Rhodesia in terms of hundreds upon hundreds of square miles of open country and bush and two large towns.

About halfway between lies Que Que, a tiny, hot, dusty town whose significance is that it is in the heart of rich coal and iron ore deposits and the site of the country's first steel works.

Young Industries

The steel works is scheduled to start production next month, having a target of some 30,000 tons a year. This is only a quarter of the country's annual requirement.

The picture is of young and vital industries, equipped with the most modern plant from Britain, springing up round Salisbury, Bulawayo and in the Midlands, and which are, it is confidently hoped the forerunners of much greater things. Mansprings of Rhodesia's industrial development is a huge dam which is planned at Kariba Gorge, on the Zambezi, some distance below the Victoria Falls.

Estimated to cost \$23,000,000, Kariba will be as big as America's Boulder, Shaster, Friant and Grand Coulee dams put together.

Where now the only activity is the crocodiles sliding sluggishly from the steaming mudbanks, there will spring up, by 1925 or 1928, a gigantic stretch of water generating 750,000 kilowatts of electric power.

Good Prospects

This power will be turned to use mainly in developing the high-grade deposits of iron ore in the southern portion of Northern Rhodesia.

These deposits are still under investigation, but the indications are very favourable.

Power will be gridded on huge pylons and will cost as little as a farthing a unit. There must be large-scale iron and steel production to absorb as much as 250,000 kilowatts, and a yearly output of 500,000 tons of pig-iron and 50,000 tons of ferrochrome would be necessary.

Should a decision be taken, the Governments of Northern and Southern Rhodesia will each contribute \$3,000,000 and the remaining \$16,000,000 will be raised from British industrialists and financiers.

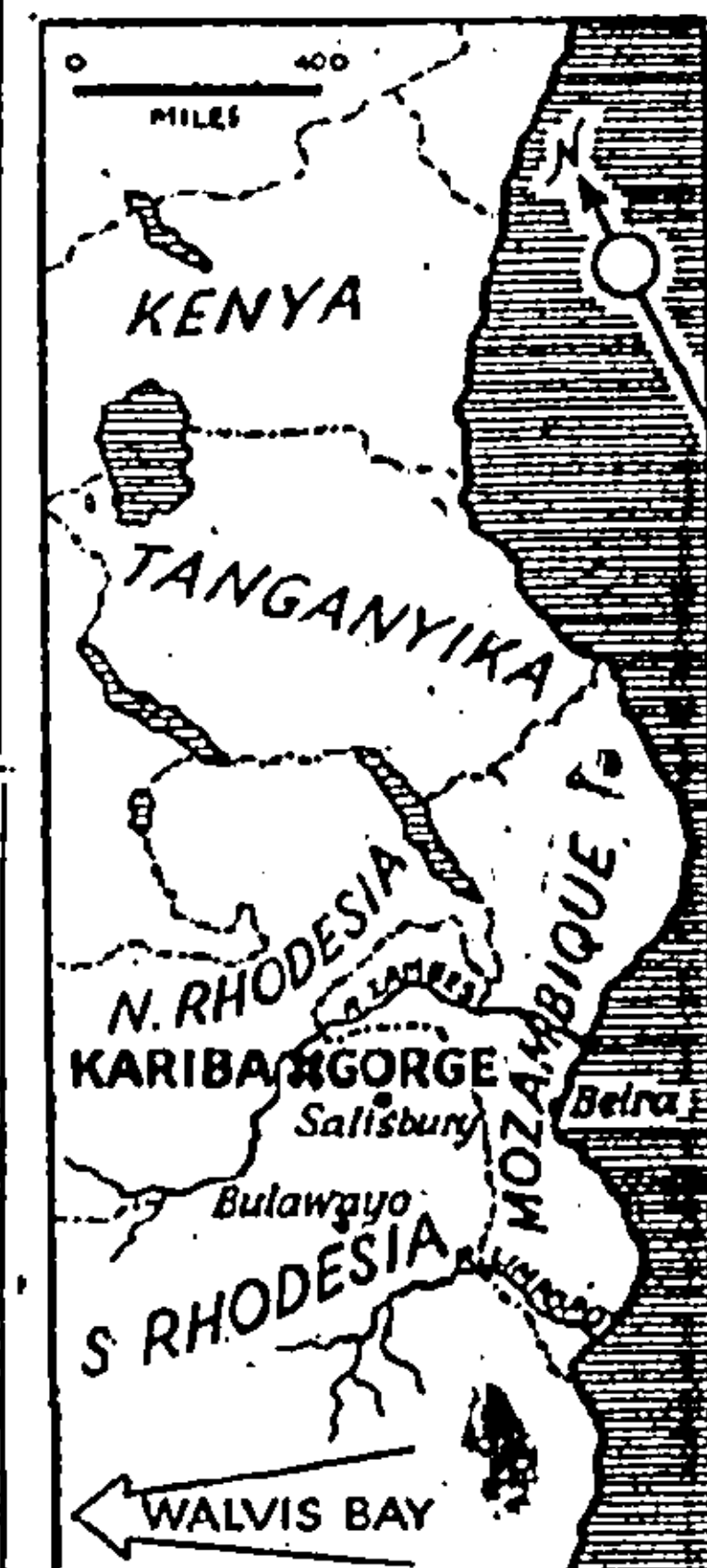
Great Hopes

From a food production point of view, Kariba's possibilities are enormous, since by irrigation it will guarantee to hundreds of thousands of acres a

water supply for the growing of tobacco, sugar, maize and other food crops.

Naturally, a railway will have to be built to the dam since there is none near there now.

Kariba is not the only dam Southern Rhodesia has in view. In the Sabi River Valley, lying under the country's eastern mountain escarpment, another



Rhodesia, the new steelworks, is a sister to Kenya, the new military base.

big irrigation scheme is planned—actually more a series of dams than one big dam such as Kariba—which would serve 500,000 acres of fertile land for groundnut production.

Again, investigations are not expected to be completed in less than a year, but the Prime Minister, Sir Godfrey Huggins, is hopeful that a pilot scheme may be started soon.

The Sabi Valley is rich in mineral deposits and millions of tons of high-grade apatite (phosphates) have been discovered, which can be turned into fertilisers.

Railway Link

The significance of these fertilisers to the country's own food production and to those countries to which she will be able to export is easy to see.

Only a short railway needs to be built—40 miles—which would lead to the second phosphate mine which the Empire possesses.

The deposits are sited in wild, hot, luxuriant tropical country, inhabitable in some parts only by natives. Lions, buck, crocodiles, hippopotami and elephants abound.

Towards its confluence with the Limpopo the area is alive with the deadly tsetse fly and malaria is a constant danger. It is picturesque country how-

ever, and the wild grandeur of the nearby Chimanimani mountains is unforgettable.

Bound up with Southern Rhodesia's plans for industry is her want of a new port, for Beira is inadequate. The plan is to carry a railway through to Walvis Bay, on the Atlantic.

Next Moves

Recently the Southern Rhodesian Government floated a loan of \$32,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was earmarked for development, most of the remainder being used to cover the cost of nationalising the railways, which had been privately owned. No less than \$5,500,000 has been sunk in Rhodesia in the past year by immigrants and industrialists.

Next month Sir Miles Thomas will go to Rhodesia from Britain to advise on a time-table for the country's industrial development for, with such a huge programme, care must be taken that the country does not get industrial indigestion.

The picture in Southern Rhodesia in the next few years will be one of construction—of dams, railways, roads, new towns, factories, mines and canals being cut.

We of Rhodesia are rolling up our sleeves and getting down to the job with a will.

We are looking to Britain for heavy machinery and advanced technical advice in several fields.

We are a young country and we have some big ideas—and we intend to make those ideas reality and develop this country of such enormous mineral and agricultural possibilities into a yet more vital and valuable unit of the Commonwealth.

Admiral Warns Of Shortage

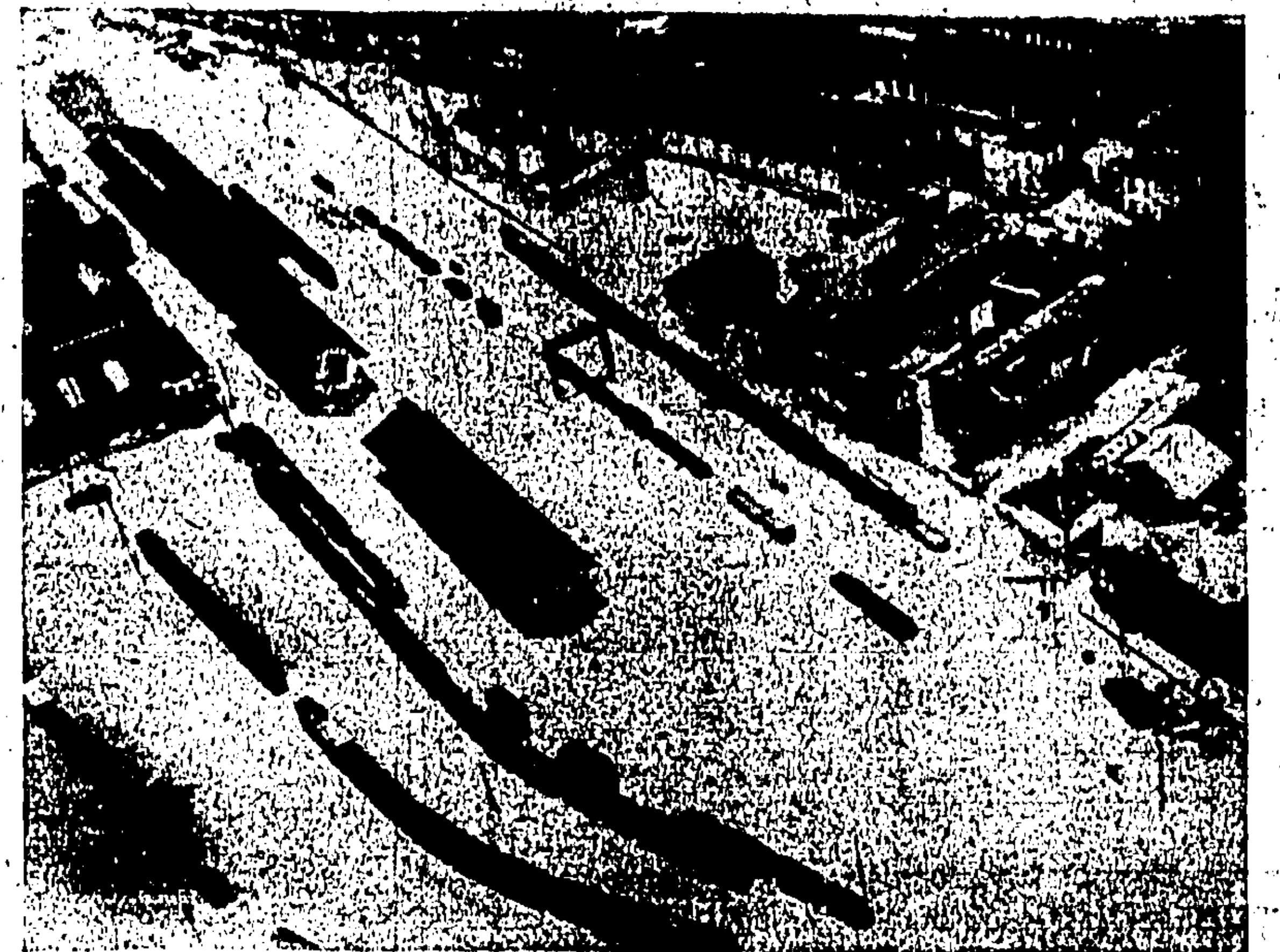
WASHINGTON, JAN. 11. THE UNITED STATES NAVY IS TOO SHORT OF MEN AND SHIPS TO WIN A WAR, ADMIRAL LOUIS DENFIELD, NEW CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, SAID IN A BROADCAST TODAY.

He would "make a good showing if trouble were to break out," although to prevail in an all-out conflict, it would "have to expand tenfold and in a hurry," he declared, adding: "Fortunately we have a large and effective naval reserve, most of whom are war-trained veterans."

Admiral Denfield said: "We will need planes as much as we will need men and the speed with which planes can be placed on board our reserve carriers depends on how fast American industry and labour can build them."

"It is a slow process that might take two years,"—Reuter.

French Station Under Water



After four days of heavy rain and spring-like warmth that melted the snow in the foothills of the Alps and the Vosges Mountains, many parts of France are inundated by flood waters. Both the Moselle and Loire valleys are flooded. This aerial picture, made on Dec. 30, shows the railway station of Nancy under flood waters from the Moselle River. (A.P. Photo.)

HIROSHIMA — RETURN TO LIFE

The first enemy city to lick clean its war wounds and to rebuild itself will probably be Hiroshima—the first city in the world to be struck by an atom bomb. It suffered the greatest damage and highest casualties of any among the enemies of the Allies in the late war.

I made a pilgrimage to Hiroshima the other day—two years after my last visit—and some 30 months after the blow fell at 8.14 a.m. on the morning of August 6, 1945.

Hiroshima is already covering up its gaping wounds, and an Australian town planner has been given the task of preparing plans for the new city.

Hiroshima is recovering quickly principally because the Japanese are being left alone to do the job by private enterprise. The municipality has simply fixed the price at which building plots may be purchased.

Value Of Land

It is a low figure of only one thousand to four thousand yen (from \$1 to \$4) for a plot 6 ft. square—just large enough for a small kiosk-type shop. Owners of blitzed sites think it is too low, so there is little inclination to sell. All feel that as Hiroshima grows it will thrive and land values will rise.

Where once lay desolation for 12 miles in every direction from the City Hall, wooden structures have arisen, so that Hiroshima is like a boom town of the "carpet bagger" era which followed the close of the American Civil War in 1865 or a boom Western town of the 'teighies.

Girls, many of them comely, with their cheeks flushed a healthy glow in the autumn air, parade the streets in flowered kimonos—apparently quite care-free. Small children in great profusion, with engaging little

that ceremony Japs were seen to cry for the first time; and girls came out in all their pre-war finery for the first time.

Of the town's 60,000 destroyed homes nearly 30,000 have already been rebuilt. The theatre is functioning again; cinemas are open, showing, perhaps flickeringly, old films—talkies—with Japanese ideographs on the slides for interpretation of dialogue.

I called on the editor of the principal local paper, the Chugoku Times, printed like other local papers in blitzed, half-exposed premises. With a gleam of pride he gave me a copy of the day's issue.

Lead story was the wedding of Princess Elizabeth and Prince Philip; there on page one were their pictures with one of Buckingham Palace and a crowd outside; not perhaps the crowd of November 20, but a little licence may be allowed an enterprising editor anxious to feature what all Japan has been excitedly discussing.

By William Courtenay

Trade Returns

Trade has returned to Hiroshima, and although most of it is tourist trade selling gewgaws, cameras and knick-knacks to British and Australian forces stationed hereabouts, yet it is business. And every street has its home-made garages, where Japanese mechanics can be seen lying under all sorts of motor contraptions bringing them back to life.

Everyone seems to work about 16 hours a day, seven days a week no trade union rules are apparent. It is, in fact, a free-for-all race; the only way a nation ever recovers from its wounds. So Hiroshima will probably recover before Europe.

Symbolic Tree

On gaunt electric grid towers near the burnt-out Observatory appears, in bad English, the legend "center of impact"; nearby is a bookstall marked "Book-stall atom"; and in a clearing is an area dubbed "Peace Square" where the Mayor of Hiroshima on August 6 last planted a camphor tree to commemorate the beginning of reconstruction.

It is enclosed in a small fence and is covered with straw to keep it warm through the infancy of its first winters. At

England The Model

For Japan's constitution is modelled more on that of England or of the Dominions than on America's, and the presence of the Emperor still on his throne and his travels nowadays among his people are making the Japs more royally-minded than ever, and therefore more interested in what England thinks, says and does.

Hirohito is to pay his first visit to Hiroshima early in December. He will spend 15 days in the Australian, New Zealand and British zones. There will be emotional scenes at Hiroshima that day for his visit will be treated like a religious pilgrimage to a Shinto Shrine.

Hiroshima will be a barometer for what will happen in other Jap cities. Those who will use their brain, brain, wit, energy, courage, initiative, and resourcefulness will win the fruit of their labours. The lazy will go to the wall and there will be none to support them.

The New Commons



Here is an interior view of the model of England's new House of Commons, showing the Speaker's Chair being placed in position. Work has already commenced on the building of the new House of Commons, which will be the new home of the British Parliament. The new building will be a masterpiece of modern architecture, and will be a fitting home for the new Commons. (A.P. Photo.)

France Worried By Anglo-U.S. Move

London, Jan. 11. The Foreign Office said today that France has expressed concern that she was not consulted before the United States and Britain decided to strengthen the Germans' power of self-administration in the Anglo-American occupation zone.

A spokesman told a news conference that the French Government's views were expressed by Ambassador Rene Cassin to Foreign Secretary Bevin. He said they were based solely upon lack of consultation and did not constitute a protest. He would not comment on its impact upon a move to merge the French and Anglo-American zones.

British press that the purpose of any such meeting would be major revision of plans formulated at the original session in Paris.—Associated Press.

HEINKEL TO FACE CHARGES

Hamburg, Jan. 11. Dr. Ernst Heinkel, aircraft designer and former owner of the Heinkel Aircraft Works, will shortly appear before a court in Hamburg charged with having conspired to sell aircraft to the Axis powers during the war. Heinkel, who was released from prison in the American zone in August 1945, will be charged with membership of the Nazi Party since 1933.

PACIFIC ORIENT EXPRESS LINE

M.V. "VILJA"

LOADING HONGKONG ABOUT 21st JANUARY
FOR PACIFIC COAST PORTS
VIA SHANGHAI, TAKUBAR & PHILIPPINESSailing from HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, MANILA
direct to SAN FRANCISCO and PACIFIC COAST PORTSLoading Hong Kong
(if sufficient inducement)M.V. "VINGNES" Mid February
M.V. "KOOKABURRA" March
M.V. "VITO" Mid April

Vessels equipped with bulk oil storage facilities

Cargo and Passenger apply:—

MOLLERS' (HONGKONG) LTD, Agents
Queen's Building Tel. 31166 2nd floor

THE DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

S.S. "HAIYANG"

Sailing for Swatow
1.00 P.M. 12th January

FROM DOUGLAS WHARF

Subject to alteration without Notice.

For Particulars of Freight & Passage, Please apply to:—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.

General Managers.

P. & O. Building, 5th floor. Tel. No. 81281

or

CHINESE SHIPPING DEPT.

20 Connaught Road, Central. Tel. No. 24639

BEN LINE STEAMERS LTD.

SHIP	ARRIVALS FROM U.K.	DUE
S.S. "BENVRACKIE"	U.K.	12th Jan.
S.S. "BENDORAN"	U.K.	13th Jan.

SHIP	SAILINGS TO	READY
S.S. "BENVRACKIE"	London, Malta, Rotterdam, Antwerp and Hamburg	18th Jan.

For Further Particulars, Apply To—

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.
Agents

York Building Telephone: 24126.

ISBRANDTSEN CO., INC.

STEAMSHIP DIVISION

	FROM	SAILS
"FLYING INDEPENDENT"	U.S.A. via Forts 22nd January	Shanghai, Jinsen, Fusan, Yokohama 24th January
"SIR JOHN FRANKLIN"	Japan 8th January	Manila, Singapore, Bombay, Suez & Mediterranean Forts to U.S. Atlantic Ports.

A. P. PATTISON & CO.

GENERAL AGENTS, CHINA, FORMOSA & HONGKONG
CHARTERED BANK BUILDING. TEL: 28116.
CHINESE SHIPPING OFFICE:
20 Connaught Road, C. Tel. 24639.

SAILING DIRECT FOR BANGKOK

S.S. "PRODUCE"

LOADING 12th JANUARY, 1948.
SAILING 13th, JANUARY, 1948 at 6 P.M.

For freight particulars apply to:

JEBSHUN SHIPPING CO.

85 Bonham Strand West.

Tel. 23396.

TAY KEE & CO.

STEVEDORES, TRANSPORTERS, &
GENERAL CONTRACTORSSpecial Work for Heavy Cargoes, reliable
and reasonable charges.Tels: 21518 & 23836. 5th Floor, David House
No. 67 Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong.MARSHALL PLAN MEETING
Labour Call To Europe's Socialists
New Independence Of Britain

London, Jan. 11. The Labour Party's decision to invite the Socialist parties of Western Europe and Germany and Austria to a conference on the Marshall Plan was regarded among British and international Labour leaders tonight as of great significance both for the British Government's European policy and the future of international Socialist cooperation.

It can be taken for granted that the Labour Party would not have undertaken this initiative without consultations with the Government.

Labour Party officials have become more and more impatient in international conferences meeting merely to make fair speeches and pass unanimous resolutions. It has for some time been emphatic that a conference on the Marshall Plan would only be useful if it could do concrete work.

Such work would consist of trying to work out a common point of view of European Socialists concerning the particular interests they have to safeguard in the shaping and administration of the plan.

It is obvious that such concrete work cannot be done by party delegates unless the Labour Government themselves take an active interest in it. It is equally obvious that the British Government could not take such an active interest in European co-operation on a party level unless it was also willing to become more active in co-operation on a government level.

New Initiative

This Labour Party announcement is, therefore, regarded as confirming other indications that the British Government is now prepared to support the reconvening of the 16-nation Paris Conference.

Together, these decisions imply a new readiness on the part of the Labour Government to develop an independent initiative in European affairs, a willingness for which Mr. Attlee's recent broadcast on Britain's leadership on a third way between American capitalism and Russian Communism has set down.

It is significant that the Labour Party has, on this occasion, deliberately bypassed the international Socialist machinery which links the parties of Western and Eastern Europe and has actively sought hand in hand with the Eastern party for burdening this machinery with a conflict over the Marshall Plan.

Urgent Task

On one hand, this means that British Labour sticks to its intention to preserve its links with the Socialists represented in the East European governments for as long as possible.

On the other hand, it shows that the party is now convinced that a positive task has to be performed by like-minded parties of Western Europe, which is urgent and cannot wait any longer on the hesitation imposed by West-East diplomacy.

In the circumstances, the possibility is obvious that this new significance of the Socialists' cooperation with the Marshall plan will eventually become

more important and more real, despite its limited membership than the wider organisation in which all conflicts on world positions are reflected.—Reuter.

LONDON MEETING

London, Jan. 11. The British Labour Party is to invite Socialist parties in the countries affected by the Marshall Plan, including German and Austrian parties, to a conference.

The Committee for international Socialist conferences here today decided, in accordance with the wishes of the British party, that the committee itself should not take the initiative for any such conference as that would lead to conflict with Eastern European and Italian parties, whose attitude towards the Marshall Plan differs from that of the majority.

The proposal that a conference on the Marshall Plan should be officially called by this committee had been presented, notably by the French and Belgian Socialists.

In a vote after prolonged discussion, it was rejected by 11 votes to five. The British and Scandinavian parties joined with the East Europeans in opposing it.

Today's committee meeting accomplished its whole business so there will be no further meeting tomorrow. The administrative decisions taken include the following:

The next full conference of the Socialist parties will be held in Vienna from June 4 to 6.

Joint Office

A sub-committee to supervise the administration and finance of a joint office of the parties—the Socialist Information and Liaison Office—has been formed and will consist of representatives of the British, Belgian, Dutch, Austrian and Czechoslovak parties.

The Committee expressed its thanks to the Swiss Social Democrat Party for its pioneer work in organising international Socialist relief and have

VICTORY AT ANY RISK

Damascus, Jan. 11. The Prime Minister of Syria, Jamil Mardam Bey, speaking at a press conference, declared that the Arab world had decided to win the Palestine battle at any risk.

Jamil Mardam Bey declared that the Arabs might be defeated in the first battles but would win the last. Incidents had shown Arab bravery when face to face with the enemy, he said.

The Premier described the proposal for a Jewish state in Palestine as "distasteful".—Reuter.

U.S. Marine Killed By Communists

WASHINGTON, JAN. 11. ONE OF THE FIVE UNITED STATES MARINES WHO DISAPPEARED IN A TOWN IN COMMUNIST-HELD TERRITORY ON CHRISTMAS DAY WAS KILLED IN A CLASH WITH COMMUNIST FORCES, ACCORDING TO A COMMUNIST PRISONER QUESTIONED BY AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS.

This was disclosed in a statement by Marine Headquarters today on the circumstances surrounding the disappearance of the Marines, who were on a hunting expedition from Tsingtao, main port of Shantung Province.

The remaining four Marines were taken to Communist headquarters, the statement said.

All five had entered Communist territory despite protests by Chinese Nationalist sentries, and efforts were being made to contact Communist headquarters to negotiate the return of the missing men.—Reuter.

Crisis Of Costs In The National Mines

London, Jan. 11. Statistics of Britain's nationalised coal mines in the third quarter of 1947, to be issued later this month, will probably show a greater loss than the £6,250,000 for the second quarter announced today.

The crisis of costs of production in Britain's coal mines for 1948 is more important than last year's crisis of coal production or than the current dollar crisis.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps, issued a solemn warning about costs last Wednesday, and the problem may be worse in transport, which was nationalised at the beginning of this year, than in coal, which was nationalised at the beginning of 1947.

Britain will solve the problem by her traditional democratic process but not without much searching of hearts and some changes of policy. The costs of coal mining have continued to rise since the industry was nationalised and must be paid by the community either as consumers or as taxpayers. Whether the National Coal Board makes a profit or loss is immaterial.

Nationalisation of British coal mining was inevitable and has succeeded in raising output. The United States Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall, who can be no lover of nationalisation, told the Senate on Thursday that the increase in British coal output had been better than expected.

This has caused a great lifting of spirit in Britain and has improved the whole world's attitude to Britain. But the success has been bought at a cost. Britain will sink or swim according to the results of the control of costs in both her nationalised and private industries.—Reuter.

"Ike" For President Campaign

NEW YORK, JAN. 11. SUPPORTERS OF GENERAL DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN WESTERN EUROPE DURING THE WAR, HAVE NOW BROUGHT HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF THE UNITED STATES OUT INTO THE OPEN.

They have filed a complete list of delegates for him in New Hampshire, where the delegates to the Republican National Convention will be chosen in a State primary election on March 9.

General Eisenhower, who was confined in his residence with a cold today, refused to comment on the action of his supporters.

The delegates running under his name in New Hampshire, do not, under the State law, need his permission to do so.—Reuter.

MINERS KILLED

Moscow, Jan. 11. Five miners were killed and 40 injured in a fire-damp explosion at the Vullermin coal mine at Petite-Roselle, Bad Pforbach.—Associated Press.

New Delhi, Jan. 11. The police raided the office of the Delhi provisional Communist Party today and removed copies of the November issue of the organ of the Communist Party in India.—Reuter.

New President Lines' Vessel



The 23,000-ton "President Cleveland," newest luxury liner operated by the American President Lines, is scheduled to arrive in Hong Kong this morning.

Next Spring, the American President Lines will add a sister ship, the "President Wilson," to its Trans-Pacific service. In addition, plans are being made for the construction of specially designed ships for A.P.L.'s round-the-world service.

The local office of A.P.L. announced yesterday that the general public will not be permitted to visit the "President Cleveland" when she arrives here on Sunday. A limited number of guests, however, will be entertained on board the vessel by invitation.

No passes will be granted to meet incoming passengers going to the large number of through passengers who must be catered for. The A.P.L. pointed out that this procedure has

been adopted at the request of the Port Authorities and others concerned in the handling of the ship so as to facilitate the disembarkation of passengers and clearing of luggage by the Revenue Office.

The vessel will begin at No. 1 Kowloon Wharf early on Sunday morning.

Peninsular & Oriental

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY
ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"TREVETHOE"	U.K. via Straits	16th Jan.
"ORMARA"	Shanghai	21st Jan.
"EMPIRE BRENT"	Shanghai	27th Jan.
"OZARDA"	Shanghai	29th Jan.
"CANTON"	U.K. via Straits	16th Feb.
"DILWARA"	U.K.	27th Feb.
"TREVAYLOR"	U.K. via Straits	28th Feb.
"TREVAYLOR"	Shanghai	11th March

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	SAILING
"OZARDA"	Shanghai	12th Jan.
"LANCASHIRE"	U.K. via Straits	13th Jan.
"TREVETHOE"	Shanghai	20th Jan.
"EMPIRE BRENT"	Bombay via Straits	23rd Jan.
"ORMARA"	U.K. via Straits	29th Jan.
"TREVETHOE"	Bombay via Straits	31st Jan.
"CANTON"	U.K. via Straits	23rd Feb.
"DILWARA"	U.K.	29th Feb.
"TREVAYLOR"	Shanghai	2nd Mar.
"TREVAYLOR"	U.K. via Straits & Continent	13th Mar.

British



India

STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE

ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"SANGOLA"	Shanghai & Amoy	14th Jan.

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	SAILING
"SANGOLA"	Calcutta via Straits Rangoon & Madras	15th Jan.

Has Refrigerated Cargo Space.

Eastern &



Australian

STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED

ARRIVALS

SHIPS	from	Due
"NELLORE"	Australia	Early Feb.
"NANKIN"	—	Early March

For full particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

WATERMAN

STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

MOBILE, ALA., U.S.A.

Expected arrivals from U.S. Atlantic Ports:—

S.S. "KYSKA" Due 3rd Feb.

LOADING FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA

S.S. "KYSKA" Loading early February

For freight and further particulars apply:—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg.

Tel. 24177-9

Chinese Freight Agents:

HIN FAT & CO. LTD.

Tel: 25553, 28823 & 23483.

HONG KONG - MACAO - HAIPHONG

FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS BY FAST STEAMER WITH
EXTRA HEAVY CARGO GEAR.

S.S. "SAN ERNESTO"

LOADING ABOUT 14th JANUARY, 1948.
SAILING ABOUT 15th JANUARY, 1948.

FOR FREIGHT & PASSAGE APPLY TO:—

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

Mercantile Bank Bldg., Top Floor.

Tel. 24174-1

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Arriving from EUROPE via Ports

S.S. "CHRISTIAN SASS" End January
S.S. "ANDRE LEBON" Middle February

Sailing to EUROPE via Ports

S.S. "ANDRE LEBON" End February

For Passage and Freight apply to

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Queen's Building.

Tel. 20051 (three lines).

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

1, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
Telephones: 30331-8 Private Exchange.

Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"SINKIANG" Swatow, Saigon & Bangkok 2 p.m. 12th Jan.
"HANYANG" Shanghai 4 p.m. 14th Jan.
"FOYANG" Singapore, Macassar, Suva, Suva & Suva 4 p.m. 14th Jan.
"TSINAN" Pusan & Shanghai 4 p.m. 15th Jan.
"NECHWANG" Pusan & Shanghai 4 p.m. 15th Jan.
"ANHUI" Pusan & Shanghai 10 a.m. 16th Jan.
"HUNAN" Pusan & Shanghai 5 p.m. 17th Jan.
* Sails from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

"HUNAN" Tientsin, Foochow & Keelung 7 a.m. 11th Jan.
"HANYANG" Shanghai 12th Jan.

CANTON RIVER LINE

"FATSHAN" Sails 9.30 p.m. 12th Jan.
Arrives 10 a.m. 15th Jan.
Sails 0.01 a.m. 17th Jan.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U. SERVICE

Arrival from

"MENELAUS" U.K. via S. ralls 22nd Jan.
"TANTALUS" 22nd Jan.
"AGAPENOR" 27th Jan.

Sailings to

"ADRIANUS" Liverpool via Port Said 28th Jan.
"MENELAUS" Genoa and Liverpool via Port Said Late Jan.
"PRIAM" Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool and Glasgow via Port Said Early Feb.

NEW YORK SERVICE

Arrivals from

"PRIAM" U.S.A. via Manila and Shanghai Early Feb.

Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Arrivals from

"YUNNAN" Australia via Manila 23rd Jan.

Sailings to

"YUNNAN" Sydney & Melbourne via Manila 31st Jan.
* Accepts cargo to N. Z. and Fiji Islands ports on through B/L

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.

General Agents for SKYWAYS (FAR EAST) Ltd.

(See Separate Advertisement)

GENERAL Agents for AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL AIRWAYS

BOOKING Agents for: B.O.A.C., C.N.A.C., P.A.A. & P.A.L.

For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.

MAERSK LINE

A. P. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.

Moller Steamship Company, Ltd. New York General Agents.

MONTHLY SAILING TO NEW YORK, ATLANTIC PORTS, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES and PANAMA

M.S. "JOHANNES MAERSK" Jan. 22
M.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK" Feb. 12
M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Feb. 24

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk

ARRIVALS FROM NEW YORK AND U.S. PORTS

ACCEPTING CARGO FOR MANILA

M.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK" Jan. 20
M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Jan. 28
M.S. "TREN MAERSK" Feb. 8
M.S. "EISE MAERSK" Feb. 22

For Freight and Further Particulars apply to:

JEBSEN & CO.

AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS

ARRIVALS FROM

Jan. 12, BOAC (Capt. Easton), 2.10 p.m.

Singapore via Bangkok: Jan. 14, Cathay Pacific, 2 p.m.

Singapore: Jan. 12, BOAC (Capt. Rudd), 4.10 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 13, Cathay Pacific, 12.30 p.m.

Jan. 10, Cathay Pacific, 12.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA), 10.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Honolulu), Wake, Guam, Okinawa, Shanghai: Jan. 15, Pan-American, 4.45 p.m.

San Francisco (via Honolulu), Wake, Guam, Manila: Jan. 14, Pan-American, 12.45 p.m.

Canton: H.K. Airways, 10.50 a.m. and 5.20 p.m.

DEPARTURES TO

Singapore via Bangkok: Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 7 a.m.

Jan. 10, Cathay Pacific, 7 a.m.

Singapore: Jan. 12, BOAC (Capt. Townsend), 7.30 a.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

Canton: Dally, H.K. Airways, 8.30 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sydney via Manila, Darwin: Jan. 17, Cathay Pacific, 3 p.m.

Manila: Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

Jan. 12, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Jan. 15, Cathay Pacific, 2.30 p.m.

Shanghai: Dally, CNAC (DCA) 11.45 a.m.

San Francisco (via Manila, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 12, Pan-American, 8 a.m.

San Francisco (via Shanghai, Okinawa, Guam, Wake, Honolulu): Jan. 10, Pan-American, 10 a.m.

POST OFFICE

MAIL NOTICE

Outward Mails

Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles and Parcel Post close 30 minutes earlier than the Ordinary Mail. If Mail close before 10.00 a.m. Registered and Parcel Post close at 5.00 p.m. on previous day.

MONDAY, JAN. 12

Closing Times by Air

Airmail for Manila, P.I. (Reg.) 9 a.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m.

(Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: Airmail for Canton, Luchow and Kunming: (Reg.) 2 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: Airmail for Swatow and Fuzhou, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea and Train

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: 8 a.m.

Batavia, 10 a.m.

Hankow, 10 a.m.

Swatow, 10 a.m.

Macao, Tientsin and Shensi, 1 p.m.

Canton, 2 p.m.

Manila, Aden and Marseilles, 2 p.m.

St. Paul, Ceylon and South Africa: Bombay, Egypt and Europe via Liverpool: (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

Shanghai, 3 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: Airmail for Swatow and Fuzhou, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Canton, 3 p.m.

TUESDAY, JAN. 13

Closing Times by Air

Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: Airmail for Canton, Luchow and Kunming: (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: Airmail for Swatow and Fuzhou, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Canton, 3 p.m.

Tuesday, Jan. 13

Closing Times by Air

Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: Airmail for Canton, Luchow and Kunming: (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: Airmail for Swatow and Fuzhou, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Canton, 3 p.m.

Tuesday, Jan. 13

Closing Times by Air

Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: Airmail for Canton, Luchow and Kunming: (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: Airmail for Swatow and Fuzhou, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Canton, 3 p.m.

Tuesday, Jan. 13

Closing Times by Air

Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: Airmail for Canton, Luchow and Kunming: (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: Airmail for Swatow and Fuzhou, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Canton, 3 p.m.

Tuesday, Jan. 13

Closing Times by Air

Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: Airmail for Canton, Luchow and Kunming: (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: Airmail for Swatow and Fuzhou, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

Canton, 3 p.m.

Tuesday, Jan. 13

Closing Times by Air

Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Shanghai, (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.50 a.m.

Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking: Airmail for Canton, Luchow and Kunming: (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.

Airmail for Amoy and Fuzhou: A

